

# REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS

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***SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF  
TEHAMA***

**REGARDING:**

*Online Index Search Services  
RFP Number 112015IT*

**PROPOSALS DUE:**

November 20, 2015 NO LATER THAN 3:00 P.M. PACIFIC TIME

**ONLINE INDEX SEARCH SERVICES**  
**RFP NUMBER 112015IT**  
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## **1 BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

- 1.1 The Superior Court of California, County of Tehama (referred to as the “JBE” or “Court”) currently utilizes a case management system (CMS) database application for storing case information. The CMS application was developed by Ciber and, as far as we can tell, programmed primarily in COBALT. The database Ciber uses is a flat file database architecture.
- 1.2 The Court requires an application to be developed to query this database and present the data in a website friendly format.
- 1.3 Please see the link below for an example of a front end search application.  
<http://cms.colusa.courts.ca.gov/>  
[http://cms.colusa.courts.ca.gov/court\\_calendars.asp](http://cms.colusa.courts.ca.gov/court_calendars.asp)  
Ciber Systems  
[https://www.ciber.com/vn/index.cfm/industries/public-sector/solution/\\_/q/law-justice-case-management/](https://www.ciber.com/vn/index.cfm/industries/public-sector/solution/_/q/law-justice-case-management/)
- 1.4 The Court intends to award a contract for the remainder of this fiscal year (contract ending June 30, 2016). The contract will include a timeline for the completion of the requested services.

## **2 SCOPE OF WORK**

- 2.1 **DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES TO BE PROVIDED:** A court webpage is needed to be built that will be able to perform case searched based upon several different fields of data.  
The data resides within a program known as Case Management System (CMS). CMS was developed using Cobalt, and the data within is stored within a flat file database. The CMS database will need to be queried on the fly to access the data required for the webpage.  
On the user tier JavaScript should be employed to verify that the page is entering valid data is being requested. We would prefer the application tier to utilize either PHP, ASP, or another modern language for the database query, and rendering of the webpage.
- 2.2 **REQUIRED KNOWLEDGE:** Through understanding of dynamic webpage design including PHP, ASP, HTML, CSS, JavaScript. How to export data from Cobalt coded flat file databases to either SQL or queried directly for webpage content.

### 3 TIMELINE FOR THIS RFP

The Court has developed the following list of key events related to this RFP. All dates are subject to change at the discretion of the Court.

EVENT	DATE
RFP issued	<i>November 2, 2015</i>
Deadline for questions	<i>November 13, 2015</i>
Questions and answers posted	<i>November 16, 2015</i>
Latest date and time proposal may be submitted	<b><i>November 20, 3:00 p.m. PST</i></b>
Anticipated interview dates ( <i>estimate only</i> )	<i>November 30, 2015</i>
Evaluation of proposals ( <i>estimate only</i> )	<i>December 1, 2015</i>
Public opening of cost portion of proposals	<b><i>December 2, 2015 9:00 a.m. Front Steps of 633 Washington Street</i></b>
Notice of Intent to Award ( <i>estimate only</i> )	<i>December 3, 2015</i>
Negotiations and execution of contract ( <i>estimate only</i> )	<i>December 10, 2015</i>
Contract start date ( <i>estimate only</i> )	<i>December 14, 2015</i>
Contract end date ( <i>estimate only</i> )	<i>June 30, 2016, 2015</i>

## RFP ATTACHMENTS

The following attachments are included as part of this RFP:

ATTACHMENT	DESCRIPTION
Attachment 1: Administrative Rules Governing RFPs (IT Goods and Services)	These rules govern this solicitation.
Attachment 2: Court Standard Terms and Conditions	If selected, the person or entity submitting a proposal (the “Proposer”) must sign a Court Standard Form agreement containing terms and conditions that are substantially similar (the “Terms and Conditions”).
Attachment 3: Proposer’s Acceptance of Terms and Conditions	On this form, the Proposer must indicate acceptance of the Terms and Conditions or identify exceptions to the Terms and Conditions.  Note: A material exception to a Minimum Term listed in section 6.1.G.(iii) will render a proposal non-responsive.
Attachment 4: General Certifications Form	The Proposer must complete the General Certifications Form and submit the completed form with its proposal.
Attachment 5: Small Business Declaration	The Proposer must complete this form only if it wishes to claim the small business preference associated with this solicitation.
Attachment 6: Bidder DVBE Declaration Form	The Proposer must complete this form only if it wishes to claim the disabled veteran business enterprise incentive associated with this solicitation.
Attachment 7: DVBE Declaration	Each DVBE that will provide goods and/or services in connection with the contract must complete this form. If Proposer is itself a DVBE, it must also complete and sign the DVBE Declaration.

## 4 PAYMENT INFORMATION

- 4.1 Invoicing. An awarded contract will require that invoices provide the level of detail reasonably requested by the Court, including information and supporting documentation, which will include a workload report in the form the Court may specify from time to time. The Court will not make any advance payment for the services provided. The Court will pay each correct, itemized invoice received from Contractor after acceptance, within thirty (30) days of invoice receipt.
- 4.2 Compensation: The fees that are set forth in the awarded contract will be the entire compensation for the services provided; and all expenses relating to the provision of the services, including travel, will be considered included in such fees and will not be reimbursed by the Court. The proposed fee will be an hourly rate for services performed with a not-to-exceed estimate of hours to complete the

requested services. If additional hours are required, the vendor must provide the reason for the additional hours and an estimate of hours to complete the requested services to the Court. The Court must provide written authorization before the vendor proceeds and invoices the Court for any additional hours.

- 4.3 **Funding.** An awarded contract will include a provision that limits the Court's obligation to compensate vendor subject to annual budget appropriations. The Court will notify the vendor if funds become unavailable or limited during the term of the awarded contract. This will not relieve the Court from payment for any services that were performed and accepted prior to the receipt of such notice.

## 5 SUBMISSIONS OF PROPOSALS

- 5.1 Proposals should provide straightforward, concise information that satisfies the requirements of the "Proposal Contents" section below. Expensive bindings, color displays, and the like are not necessary or desired. Emphasis should be placed on conformity to the RFP's instructions and requirements, and completeness and clarity of content.
- 5.2 The Proposer must submit its proposal in two parts, the non-cost portion and the cost portion.
- a. The Proposer must submit **one (1) original** of the labeled non-cost portion of the proposal. The original must be signed by an authorized representative of the Proposer. The original non-cost portion of the proposal (and the copies thereof) must be submitted to the Court in a single sealed envelope, separate from the cost portion. The Proposer must write the RFP title and number on the outside of the sealed envelope.
  - b. The Proposer must submit **one (1) original** of the labeled cost portion of the proposal. The original must be signed by an authorized representative of the Proposer. The original cost portion of the proposal (and the copies thereof) must be submitted to the Court in a single sealed envelope, separate from the non-cost portion. The Proposer must write the RFP title and number on the outside of the sealed envelope.
- 5.3 Proposals must be delivered by the date and time listed on the coversheet of this RFP to:

**Superior Court of Tehama County  
633 Washington Street, Room 20  
Red Bluff, CA 96080**

- 5.4 Late proposals will not be accepted.
- 5.5 Only written proposals will be accepted. Proposals must be sent by registered or certified mail, courier service (e.g. FedEx), or delivered by hand. Proposals may not be transmitted by fax or email.

## 6 PROPOSAL CONTENTS

- 6.1 Non-Cost Portion. The following information must be included in the non-cost portion of the proposal. A proposal lacking any of the following information may be deemed non-responsive.
  - A. The Proposer's name, address, telephone and fax numbers, and federal tax identification number. Note that if the Proposer is a sole proprietor using his or her social security number, the social security number will be required before finalizing a contract.
  - B. Name, title, address, telephone number, and email address of the individual who will act as the Proposer's designated representative for purposes of this RFP.
  - C. A listing of key staff members that will provide the requested services, including the vendor's project manager.
  - D. For each key staff member: a resume describing the individual's background and experience, professional certifications or other credentials, as well as the individual's ability and experience in conducting the proposed activities.
  - E. Names, addresses, and telephone numbers of a minimum of three (3) clients for whom the Proposer has conducted similar services using the key staff members proposed. The Court may check references listed by the Proposer.
  - F. Proposer must submit a timeline showing the completion date for the services requested.
  - G. Acceptance of the Terms and Conditions.
    - (i) On Attachment 3, the Proposer must check the appropriate box and sign the form. If the Proposer marks the second box, it must provide the required additional materials. An "exception" includes any addition, deletion, or other modification.
    - (ii) If exceptions are identified, the Proposer must also submit (a) a red-lined version of the Terms and Conditions that implements all

proposed changes, and (b) a written explanation or rationale for each exception and/or proposed change.

- (iii) Note: A material exception to a Minimum Term will render a proposal non-responsive. The following terms are designated as Minimum Terms:
- Representations and Warranties (Appendix C, section 3);
  - Intellectual Property (Appendix C, section 4);
  - Confidentiality (Appendix C, section 5);
  - Indemnification (Appendix C, section 6);
  - Termination (Appendix C, paragraphs 9.2 and 9.3);
  - Special Provisions (Appendix C, section 10);
  - Audits (Appendix C, paragraph 11.1);
  - Assignment (Appendix C, paragraph 11.3);
  - Governing Law; Jurisdiction; and Venue (Appendix C, paragraph 11.9); and
  - Follow-On Contracting (Appendix C, paragraph 11.10).

H. Certifications, Attachments, and other requirements.

- (i) The Proposer must complete the General Certifications Form (Attachment 4) and submit the completed form with its proposal.
- (ii) If Contractor is a California corporation, limited liability company (“LLC”), limited partnership (“LP”), or limited liability partnership (“LLP”), proof that Contractor is in good standing in California. If Contractor is a foreign corporation, LLC, LP, or LLP, and Contractor conducts or will conduct (if awarded the contract) intrastate business in California, proof that Contractor is qualified to do business and in good standing in California. If Contractor is a foreign corporation, LLC, LP, or LLP, and Contractor does not (and will not if awarded the contract) conduct intrastate business in California, proof that Contractor is in good standing in its home jurisdiction.
- (iii) Copies of the Proposer’s (and any subcontractors’) current business licenses.

7.2 Cost Portion. The proposer must submit an hourly rate for the services requested in this RFP and an estimate of the number of hours required to provide the requested services.



## 7 OFFER PERIOD

A Proposer's proposal is an irrevocable offer for ninety (90) days following the proposal due date. In the event a final contract has not been awarded within this period, the Court reserves the right to negotiate extensions to this period.

## 8 EVALUATION OF PROPOSALS

The cost portion of proposals will be publicly opened at the date and time noted in section 3 at:

Superior Court of Tehama County  
633 Washington Street (on the Front Steps)  
Red Bluff, CA 96080

The Court will evaluate the proposals on a 100 point scale using the criteria set forth in the table below. Award, if made, will be to the highest-scored proposal.

If a contract will be awarded, the Court will post the intent to award notice at <http://www.tehamacourt.ca.gov/procurement.htm> (under General Information you will find a Quick Link for Proposals and Procurements).

CRITERION	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF POINTS
Cost	45
Credentials of staff to be assigned to the project	20
Experience on similar assignments	20
Proposed Completion Date	10
Disabled Veteran Enterprise Incentive	3
Acceptance of the Terms and Conditions	2

## 9 INTERVIEWS

The Court may conduct interviews with Proposers to clarify aspects set forth in their proposals or to assist in finalizing the ranking of top-ranked proposals. The interviews may be conducted in person or by phone. If conducted in person, interviews will likely be held at the Court's offices. The Court will not reimburse Proposers for any costs incurred in traveling to or from the interview location. The Court will notify eligible Proposers regarding interview arrangements.

## **10 CONFIDENTIAL OR PROPRIETARY INFORMATION**

**PROPOSALS ARE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA PUBLIC CONTRACT CODE AND RULE 10.500 OF THE CALIFORNIA RULES OF COURT.** The Court will not disclose (i) social security numbers, or (ii) balance sheets or income statements submitted by a Proposer that is not a publicly-traded corporation. All other information in proposals will be disclosed in response to applicable public records requests. Such disclosure will be made regardless of whether the proposal (or portions thereof) is marked “confidential,” “proprietary,” or otherwise, and regardless of any statement in the proposal (a) purporting to limit the Court’s right to disclose information in the proposal, or (b) requiring the Court to inform or obtain the consent of the Proposer prior to the disclosure of the proposal (or portions thereof). Any proposal that is password protected, or contains portions that are password protected, may be rejected. Proposers are accordingly cautioned not to include confidential, proprietary, or privileged information in proposals.

## **11 DISABLED VETERAN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (“DVBE”) INCENTIVE**

- 11.1 Qualification for the DVBE incentive is not mandatory. Failure to qualify for the DVBE incentive will not render a proposal non-responsive.
- 11.2 Eligibility for and application of the DVBE incentive is governed by the Court’s DVBE Rules and Procedures. Proposer will receive a DVBE incentive if, in the Court’s sole determination, Proposer has met all applicable requirements. If Proposer receives the DVBE incentive, a number of points will be added to the score assigned to Proposer’s proposal. The number of points that will be added is specified in section 8 above.
- 11.3 To receive the DVBE incentive, at least 3% of the contract goods and/or services must be provided by a DVBE performing a commercially useful function. Or, for solicitations of non-IT goods and IT goods and services, Proposer may have an approved Business Utilization Plan (“BUP”) on file with the California Department of General Services (“DGS”).
- 11.4 If Proposer wishes to seek the DVBE incentive:
  - Proposer must complete and submit with its proposal the Bidder Declaration (Attachment 6). Proposer must submit with the Bidder Declaration all materials required in the Bidder Declaration.
  - Proposer must submit with its proposal a DVBE Declaration (Attachment 7) completed and signed by each DVBE that will provide goods and/or services in connection with the contract. If Proposer is itself a DVBE, it must also complete and sign the DVBE Declaration (Attachment 7). If Proposer will use DVBE subcontractors, each DVBE subcontractor must complete and sign a DVBE Declaration. **NOTE:** The DVBE Declaration is not required if Proposer will qualify for the DVBE incentive using a BUP on file with DGS.

- 11.5 Failure to complete and submit these forms as required will result in Proposer not receiving the DVBE incentive. In addition, the Court may request additional written clarifying information. Failure to provide this information as requested will result in Proposer not receiving the DVBE incentive.
- 11.6 If this solicitation is for IT goods and services, the application of the DVBE incentive may be affected by application of the small business preference. For additional information, see the Court's Small Business Preference Procedures for the Procurement of Information Technology Goods and Services.
- 11.7 If Proposer receives the DVBE incentive: (i) Proposer will be required to complete a post-contract DVBE certification if DVBE subcontractors are used; (ii) Proposer must use any DVBE subcontractor(s) identified in its proposal unless the JBE approves in writing the substitution of another DVBE; and (iii) failure to meet the DVBE commitment set forth in its proposal will constitute a breach of contract.

**FRAUDULENT MISREPRESENTATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE DVBE INCENTIVE IS A MISDEMEANOR AND IS PUNISHABLE BY IMPRISONMENT OR FINE, AND VIOLATORS ARE LIABLE FOR CIVIL PENALTIES. SEE MVC 999.9.**

## **12 SMALL BUSINESS PREFERENCE**

Small business participation is not mandatory. Failure to qualify for the small business preference will not render a proposal non-responsive.

Eligibility for and application of the small business preference is governed by the Court's Small Business Preference Procedures for the Procurement of Information Technology Goods and Services. The Proposer will receive a small business preference if, in the Court's sole determination, the Proposer has met all applicable requirements. If the Proposer receives the small business preference, the score assigned to its proposal will be increased by an amount equal to 5% of the points assigned to the highest scored proposal. If a DVBE incentive is also offered in connection with this solicitation, additional rules regarding the interaction between the small business preference and the DVBE incentive apply.

To receive the small business preference, the Proposer must be either (i) a Department of General Services ("DGS") certified small business or microbusiness performing a commercially useful function, or (ii) a DGS-certified small business nonprofit veteran service agency.

If the Proposer wishes to seek the small business preference, the Proposer must complete and submit with its proposal the Small Business Declaration (Attachment 5). The Proposer must submit with the Small Business Declaration all materials required in the Small Business Declaration.

Failure to complete and submit the Small Business Declaration as required will result in the Proposer not receiving the small business preference. In addition, the Court may request additional written clarifying information. Failure to provide this information as requested will result in the Proposer not receiving the small business preference.

If the Proposer receives the small business preference, (i) the Proposer will be required to complete a post-contract report; and (ii) failure to meet the small business commitment set forth in its proposal will constitute a breach of contract.

**FRAUDULENT MISREPRESENTATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE SMALL BUSINESS PREFERENCE IS UNLAWFUL AND IS PUNISHABLE BY CIVIL PENALTIES. SEE GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 14842.5.**

### **13 PROTESTS**

Any protests will be handled in accordance with Chapter 7 of the Judicial Branch Contracting Manual (see [www.courts.ca.gov/documents/jbcl-manual.pdf](http://www.courts.ca.gov/documents/jbcl-manual.pdf)). Failure of a Proposer to comply with the protest procedures set forth in that chapter will render a protest inadequate and non-responsive, and will result in rejection of the protest. The deadline for the Court to receive a solicitation specifications protest is the proposal due date. Protests must be sent to:

Superior Court of Tehama County  
633 Washington Street  
Red Bluff, CA 96080  
Attention: Caryn Downing  
Court Executive Officer

**END**

**ATTACHMENT 1**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE RULES GOVERNING RFPs**  
**(IT GOODS AND SERVICES)**

**1. COMMUNICATIONS WITH THE SUPERIOR COURT OF TEHAMA COUNTY  
("COURT") REGARDING THE RFP**

Except as specifically addressed elsewhere in the RFP, Proposers must send any communications regarding the RFP to [TCSolicitation@jud.ca.gov](mailto:TCSolicitation@jud.ca.gov) (the "Solicitations Mailbox"). Proposers must include the RFP Number in subject line of any communication.

**2. QUESTIONS REGARDING THE RFP**

Proposers interested in responding to the RFP may submit questions via email to the Solicitations Mailbox on procedural matters related to the RFP or requests for clarification or modification of the RFP no later than the deadline for questions listed in the timeline of the RFP. Once submitted, questions become part of the procurement file and are subject to disclosure. Proposers are accordingly cautioned not to include any proprietary or confidential information in questions. If the Proposer is requesting a change, the request must set forth the recommended change and the Proposer's reasons for proposing the change. Questions or requests submitted after the deadline for questions will not be answered. Without disclosing the source of the question or request, a copy of the questions and the Court's responses will be made available prior to the proposal due date and time.

**3. ERRORS IN THE RFP**

- A. If, before the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP, a Proposer discovers any ambiguity, conflict, discrepancy, omission, or error in the RFP, the Proposer must immediately notify the Court via email to the Solicitations Mailbox and request modification or clarification of the RFP. Without disclosing the source of the request, the Court may modify the RFP before the proposal due date and time by releasing an addendum to the solicitation.
- B. If a Proposer fails to notify the Court of an error in the RFP known to the Proposer, or an error that reasonably should have been known to the Proposer, before the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP, the Proposer shall propose at its own risk. Furthermore, if the Proposer is awarded the agreement, the Proposer shall not be entitled to additional compensation or time by reason of the error or its later correction.

#### **4. ADDENDUM**

- A. The Court may modify the RFP before the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP by issuing an addendum and posting it at [http://tehamacourt.ca.gov/general\\_info.html](http://tehamacourt.ca.gov/general_info.html) (under General Information you will find a Quick Link for Proposals and Procurements). It is each Proposer's responsibility to inform itself of any addendum.
- B. If any Proposer determines that an addendum unnecessarily restricts its ability to propose, the Proposer shall immediately notify the Court via email to the Solicitations Mailbox no later than one day following issuance of the addendum.

#### **5. WITHDRAWAL AND RESUBMISSION/MODIFICATION OF PROPOSALS**

A Proposer may withdraw its proposal at any time before the deadline for submitting proposals by notifying the Court in writing of its withdrawal. The notice must be signed by the Proposer. The Proposer may thereafter submit a new or modified proposal, provided that it is received at the Court no later than the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP. Modifications offered in any other manner, oral or written, will not be considered. Proposals cannot be changed or withdrawn after the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP.

#### **6. ERRORS IN THE PROPOSAL**

If errors are found in a proposal, the Court may reject the proposal; however, the Court may, at its sole option, correct arithmetic or transposition errors or both. If these corrections result in significant changes in the amount of money to be paid to the Proposer (if selected for the award of the agreement), the Proposer will be informed of the errors and how they were corrected, and given the option to abide by the corrected amount or withdraw the proposal.

#### **7. RIGHT TO REJECT PROPOSALS**

- A. Before the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP, the Court may cancel the RFP for any or no reason. After the proposal due date and time listed in the timeline of the RFP, the Court may reject all proposals and cancel the RFP if the Court determines that: (i) the proposals received do not reflect effective competition; (ii) the cost is not reasonable; (iii) the cost exceeds the amount expected; or (iv) awarding the contract is not in the best interest of the Court.
- B. The Court may or may not waive an immaterial deviation or defect in a proposal. The Court's waiver of an immaterial deviation or defect shall in no way modify the RFP or excuse a Proposer from full compliance with RFP specifications. Until a contract resulting from this RFP is signed, the Court reserves the right to accept or reject any or all of the items in the proposal, to award the contract in whole or in part and/or negotiate any or all items with individual Proposers if it is deemed

in the Court's best interest. A notice of intent to award does not constitute a contract, and confers no right of contract on any Proposer.

- C. The Court reserves the right to issue similar RFPs in the future. The RFP is in no way an agreement, obligation, or contract and in no way is the Court or the State of California responsible for the cost of preparing the proposal.
- D. Proposers are specifically directed **NOT** to contact any Court personnel or consultants for meetings, conferences, or discussions that are related to the RFP at any time between release of the RFP and any award and execution of a contract. Unauthorized contact with any Court personnel or consultants may be cause for rejection of the Proposer's proposal.

## 8. EVALUATION PROCESS

- A. The Court will follow the following process in evaluating proposals.
  - 1. The Court will first open the non-cost portion of each proposal received by the appropriate deadline to confirm that it meets the format requirements specified in the RFP.
  - 2. The Court will complete its evaluation of the non-cost portions of all such proposals using the methods specified in the RFP.
  - 3. The Court will publish the results of the completed non-cost evaluation at [http://tehamacourt.ca.gov/calendar/request\\_quotes.html](http://tehamacourt.ca.gov/calendar/request_quotes.html). Because the small business preference and DVBE incentive cannot be properly applied until both the non-cost and cost portions of the proposals have been scored, these factors will be excluded when publishing the results of the completed non-cost evaluation.
  - 4. The Court will publicly open the cost portion of the proposals as specified in the RFP. The Court will not, however, open the cost portion of any proposal determined to have a material deviation in the non-cost portion.
  - 5. The Court will evaluate the cost portion of the proposals opened in item A.4 above. All figures entered on the cost portion must be clearly legible.
- B. Proposals that contain false or misleading statements may be rejected if in the Court's opinion the information was intended to mislead the evaluation team regarding a requirement of the RFP.
- C. During the evaluation process, the Court may require a Proposer's representative to answer questions with regard to the Proposer's proposal. Failure of a Proposer to demonstrate that the claims made in its proposal are in fact true may be sufficient cause for deeming a proposal non-responsive.
- E. The Court's Small Business Preference Procedures for the Procurement of Information Technology Goods and Services ("Small Business Procedures") address the resolution of certain ties involving the small business preference. In the event of a tie not addressed in the Small Business Procedures, the contract will be awarded to the winner of a single coin toss. The coin toss will be witnessed by

two Court employees. The Court will provide notice of the date and time of the coin toss to the affected Proposers, who may attend the coin toss at their own expense.

## **9. DISPOSITION OF MATERIALS**

All materials submitted in response to the RFP will become the property of the Court and will be returned only at the Court's option and at the expense of the Proposer submitting the proposal.

## **10. PAYMENT**

- A. Payment terms will be specified in any agreement that may ensue as a result of the RFP.
- B. **THE COURT DOES NOT MAKE ADVANCE PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.** Payment is normally made based upon completion of tasks as provided in the agreement between the Court and the selected Proposer.

## **11. AWARD AND EXECUTION OF AGREEMENT**

- A. Award of contract, if made, will be in accordance with the RFP to a responsible Proposer submitting a proposal compliant with all the requirements of the RFP and any addenda thereto (including any administrative or technical requirements), except for such immaterial defects as may be waived by the Court.
- B. A Proposer submitting a proposal must be prepared to use a standard Court contract form rather than its own contract form.
- C. The Court will make a reasonable effort to execute any contract based on the RFP within forty-five (45) days of selecting a proposal that best meets its requirements. However, exceptions taken by a Proposer may delay execution of a contract.
- D. Upon award of the agreement, the agreement shall be signed by the Proposer in two original contract counterparts and returned, along with the required attachments, to the Court no later than ten (10) business days of receipt of agreement form or prior to the end of June if award is at fiscal year-end. Agreements are not effective until executed by both parties. Any work performed before receipt of a fully-executed agreement shall be at the Proposer's own risk.

## **12. FAILURE TO EXECUTE THE AGREEMENT**

The period for execution set forth in section 11 ("Award and Execution of Agreement") may only be changed by mutual agreement of the parties. Failure to execute the agreement within the time frame identified above constitutes sufficient cause for voiding the award. Failure to comply with other requirements within the set time constitutes failure to execute the agreement. If the successful Proposer refuses or fails to execute the agreement, the Court may award the agreement to the next qualified Proposer.



### **13. NEWS RELEASES**

News releases or other publicity pertaining to the award of a contract may not be issued without prior written approval of the Court Executive Officer.

### **14. ANTI-TRUST CLAIMS**

- A. In submitting a proposal to the Court, the Proposer offers and agrees that if the proposal is accepted, the Proposer will assign to the Court all rights, title, and interest in and to all causes of action it may have under section 4 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 15) or under the Cartwright Act Chapter 2, commencing with section 16700, of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code), arising from purchases of goods, materials, or services by the Proposer for sale to the Court pursuant to the proposal. Such assignment shall be made and become effective at the time the Court tenders final payment to the Proposer. (See Government Code section 4552.)
- B. If the Court receives, either through judgment or settlement, a monetary recovery for a cause of action assigned under this section, the Proposer shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for actual legal costs incurred and may, upon demand, recover from the Court any portion of the recovery, including treble damages, attributable to overcharges that were paid.
- C. Upon demand in writing by the Proposer, the Court shall, within one year from such demand, reassign the cause of action assigned under this section if the Proposer has been or may have been injured by the violation of law for which the cause of action arose and (a) the Court has not been injured thereby, or (b) the Court declines to file a court action for the cause of action. (See Government Code section 4554.)

### **15. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT**

The Court complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and similar California statutes. Requests for accommodation of disabilities by Proposers should be directed to Debra Ostlund, ADA Coordinator.

### **16. FEASIBILITY STUDIES AND ACQUISITION RECOMMENDATIONS**

Proposals in response to procurements for assistance in the preparation of feasibility studies or the development of recommendations for the acquisition of IT goods and services must disclose any financial interests (e.g., service contracts, original equipment manufacturer (OEM) agreements, remarketing agreements) that may foreseeably allow the Proposer to benefit materially from the Court's adoption of a course of action recommended in the feasibility study or of the acquisition recommendations.

## ATTACHMENT 2 – COURT STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### STANDARD AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT NUMBER

[Agreement number]

1. In this Agreement, the term “Contractor” refers to \_\_\_\_\_, and the term “Court” refers to the **Superior Court of California, County of Tehama**.
2. This Agreement is effective as of **December 14, 2015** (“Effective Date”) and expires on June 30, 2016 (“Expiration Date”).
3. The maximum amount the Court may pay Contractor under this Agreement is \$\_\_\_\_\_ (the “Contract Amount”).
4. The purpose or title of this Agreement is: **Online Index Search Services**.

*The purpose or title listed above is for administrative reference only and does not define, limit, or construe the scope or extent of this Agreement.*

5. The parties agree that this Agreement, made up of this coversheet, the appendixes listed below, and any attachments, contains the parties’ entire understanding related to the subject matter of this Agreement and is mutually binding on the parties in accordance with its terms.

Appendix A – Statement of Work

Appendix B – Pricing and Payment

Appendix C – General Terms and Conditions

Appendix D – Defined Terms

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## **APPENDIX A: STATEMENT OF WORK**

### **1. Court's Requirements and Description of the Work.**

*This Appendix will include the description of services to be provided and will be completed by the Court based on the RFP and the submitted proposal that is awarded the contract.*

**1.1**

**1.2**

**1.3**

**1.4**

**1.5**

**1.6 Contractor Personnel (list key personnel)**

### **2. Timeline and Completion Dates**

*This section will be completed based on the winning proposal.*

The Work will be completed based on the timeline established above.

### **3. Not-To-Exceed Hours**

*This section will be completed based on the winning proposal.*

Contractor will complete the Work within the not-to-exceed hours stated above. In the event Contract requires additional hours, Contractor will submit a change order (see Appendix C, section 1.3). The change order must include a not-to-exceed estimate of hours to complete the Work and the reason(s) why the Work could not be completed within the not-to-exceed hours stated above.

## APPENDIX B: PRICING AND PAYMENT

1. **Fees.** In consideration of and subject to the satisfactory performance and delivery by Contractor of the Work, the Court shall pay to Contractor the fees as set forth in this Appendix B. Except as expressly set forth in this Appendix B: (i) such fees are the entire compensation for all Work under this Agreement; and (ii) all expenses relating to the Work, including travel, are included in such fees and shall not be reimbursed by the Court. The maximum amount payable to Contractor under this Agreement will not exceed the Contract Amount. The Contract Amount may be changed only by amendment to this Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary, payments to Contractor are contingent upon the timely and satisfactory performance of Contractor's obligations under this Agreement. Contractor shall immediately refund any payment made in error. The Court shall have the right at any time to set off any amount owing from Contractor to the Court against any amount payable by the Court to Contractor under this Agreement.

*This Appendix will be completed by the Court based on the RFP and the submitted proposal that is awarded the contract.*

2. **Expenses.** The fees will be the entire compensation for the services provided; and all expenses relating to the provision of the services, including travel, will be considered included in such fees and will not be reimbursed by the Court. This agreement does not provide for reimbursement or cost of benefits such as insurance (health, dental, disability or life), pension or other retirement benefits, paid vacation, paid sick days, workers' compensation, or any other benefit.
3. **Invoicing and Payment.**
  - a. **Invoicing.** Contractor's invoices must include information and supporting documentation, including a workload report in the form the Court may specify from time to time. Contractor shall adhere to reasonable billing guidelines issued by the Court from time to time. Contractor shall invoice the Court for the applicable fees upon Acceptance of each Deliverable by the Court and in accordance with payment milestones and schedules under this Agreement. The Court will not make any advance payment for the Work. Contractor shall provide invoices with the level of detail reasonably requested by the Court. The Court will pay each correct, itemized invoice received from Contractor after Acceptance, in accordance with the terms hereof. Contractor will not invoice the Court for more than the not-to-exceed hours stated in Appendix A, section 3 without the Court's written authorization to do so.
  - b. **Block Billing.** Contractor will not use "block billing." In other words, if Contractor attended a conference and prepared a report containing recommendations to the Court, the invoice should not read, "attended conference and drafted report to the Court (6 hours)." Rather the time spent on each service should be identified.

- c. Payment. The Court will make payment within thirty (30) business days following submission of an approved invoice for the Work provided. Payment does not imply acceptance of Contractor's invoice or Work

3.4 Availability of Funds. The Court's obligation to compensate Contractor is subject to the availability of funds. The Court shall notify Contractor if funds become unavailable or limited. This will not relieve the Court from payment for Work that has been performed and accepted prior to the receipt of such notice.

4. Taxes. Unless otherwise required by law, the Court is exempt from federal excise taxes and no payment will be made for any personal property taxes levied on Contractor or on any taxes levied on employee wages. The Court shall only pay for any state or local sales, service, use, or similar taxes imposed on the Work rendered or equipment, parts or software supplied to the Court pursuant to this Agreement.

## APPENDIX C: GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### 1. Work

1.1 Work. Contractor shall provide the Work described in this Agreement, including the Statement of Work and the Specifications. Except as set forth in the Statement of Work, Contractor is responsible for providing all facilities, materials and resources (including personnel, equipment and software) necessary and appropriate for delivery of the Work and to meet Contractor's obligations under this Agreement.

#### 1.2 Stop Work Orders.

(a) Effect. The Court may, at any time, by written stop work order to Contractor, require Contractor to stop all, or any part, of the Work for a period of up to ninety (90) days after the stop work order is delivered to Contractor, and for any further period to which the Parties may agree. Upon receipt of a stop work order, Contractor shall promptly comply with the terms of the stop work order and take all reasonable steps to end the incurrence of any costs, expenses or liabilities allocable to the Work covered by the stop work order during the period of work stoppage. The Court shall not be liable to Contractor for loss of profits arising out of such stop work order. Within ninety (90) days after a stop work order is delivered to Contractor, or within any extension of that period mutually agreed to by the Parties, the Court shall either: (i) cancel the stop work order; or (ii) terminate the Work covered by the stop work order.

(b) Expiration or Cancellation. If a stop work order is canceled by the Court or the period of the stop work order or any extension thereof expires, Contractor shall promptly resume the Work covered by such stop work order. The Court shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule, accordingly, if: (i) the stop work order directly and proximately results in an increase in the time required for performance; and (ii) Contractor asserts its right to such equitable adjustment within thirty days after the end of the period of work stoppage.

1.3 Change Orders. From time to time during the term of this Agreement, the Parties may mutually agree on a change to the Work, which may require an extension or reduction in the schedule and/or an increase or decrease in the fees and expenses and/or the Work (each, a "Change"), including: (i) a change to the scope or functionality of the Deliverables; or (ii) a change to the scope of the Work. In the event the Parties agree on a Change, the Parties will seek to mutually agree on a change order identifying the impact and setting forth any applicable adjustments and/or payments to Contractor. An authorized representative of each Party shall promptly sign the mutually agreed upon change order to acknowledge the impact and to indicate that Party's agreement to the adjustments.

1.4 Third Party or Court Services. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the Court shall have the right to perform or contract with a Third Party to provide any services or goods within or outside the scope of the Work, including services to augment or supplement the Work or to interface with the IT Infrastructure of the Court or Court Contractors. In the event the Court performs or contracts with a Third Party to perform any such service, Contractor shall cooperate in good faith with the Court and any such Third Party, to the extent reasonably required by the Court. Such cooperation shall include, without limitation, providing such information as a person with reasonable commercial skills and expertise would find reasonably necessary for the Court or a Third Party to perform its services relating to the Work.

#### 1.5 Data and Security.

(a) Safety and Security Procedures. Contractor shall maintain and enforce, at the Contractor Work Locations, industry-standard safety and physical security policies and procedures. While at each Court Work Location, Contractor shall comply with the safety and security policies and procedures in effect at such Court Work Location.

(b) Data Security. Contractor shall comply with the Data Safeguards. Contractor personnel and Subcontractors shall not attempt to access, and shall not allow access to the Court Data and other Confidential Information that is not required for providing the Work by such personnel or Subcontractors. In the event Contractor or a Subcontractor discovers or is notified of a breach or potential breach of security relating to the Court Data or other Confidential

Information, Contractor shall promptly, at its own expense: (i) notify the Court Project Manager of such breach or potential breach; and (ii) if the applicable Court Data or other Confidential Information was in the possession of Contractor or Subcontractors at the time of such breach or potential breach, Contractor shall (1) investigate and cure the breach or potential breach and (2) take measures satisfactory to the Court to prevent such breach or potential breach from recurring.

(c) Security Assessments. At least once a year, or upon the Court's request, Contractor shall, at its expense, perform, or cause to have performed an assessment of Contractor's compliance with the safety and security policies set forth in this Agreement. Contractor shall provide to the Court the results, including any findings and recommendations made by Contractor's assessors, of such assessment, and, at its expense, take any corrective actions. The Court and Court Contractors may, at the Court's expense, perform the assessments described in this section and "snap" assessments (e.g., safety and data/physical security assessments) of the Court Work Locations.

#### 1.6 Project Staff.

(a) Contractor Project Manager. The Contractor Project Manager shall serve, from the Effective Date, as the Contractor Project Manager and primary Contractor representative under this Agreement. The Contractor Project Manager shall (i) have overall responsibility for managing and coordinating the performance of Contractor's obligations under this Agreement, including the performance of all Subcontractors; and (ii) be authorized to act for and bind Contractor and Subcontractors in connection with all aspects of this Agreement. The Contractor Project Manager shall respond promptly and fully to all inquiries from the Court Project Manager.

(b) Contractor Key Personnel. The Court reserves the right to interview and approve proposed Contractor Key Personnel prior to their assignment to the Court. Contractor shall not replace or reassign any Contractor Key Personnel unless the Court consents in advance in writing or such Contractor Key Personnel (i) voluntarily resigns or takes a leave of absence from Contractor, (ii) has his/her employment, professional or other for-hire relationship terminated by Contractor, (iii) fails to perform his or her duties and responsibilities pursuant to this Agreement, or (iv) dies or is unable to work due to his or her disability. If Contractor needs to replace a Contractor Key Personnel for any of the foregoing reasons, Contractor shall (1) notify the Court promptly, (2) provide resumes for proposed replacement Contractor Key Personnel within two (2) Business Days after so notifying the Court, and (3) be responsible for all costs and expenses associated with any replacement of any Contractor Key Personnel member (including, without limitation, any costs and expenses associated with training, project orientation or knowledge transfer reasonably required for replacement personnel to provide the applicable Work).

(c) Subcontractors. Contractor shall not subcontract or delegate any of the obligations under this Agreement except as approved by the Court in writing in advance. The Court may withdraw its approval of a subcontractor if the Court determines in good faith that the subcontractor is, or will be, unable to effectively perform its responsibilities. If the Court rejects any proposed subcontractor in writing, Contractor will assume the proposed subcontractor's responsibilities. No subcontracting shall release Contractor from its responsibility for performance of its obligations under this Agreement. Contractor shall remain fully responsible for the performance of Subcontractors hereunder, including, without limitation, all work and activities of Subcontractors providing services to Contractor in connection with the Work. Contractor shall be the sole point of contact with Subcontractors under this Agreement, and Contractor shall be solely responsible for Subcontractors, including, without limitation, payment of any and all charges resulting from any subcontract. The Court's consent to any subcontracting or delegation of Contractor's obligations will take effect only if there is a written agreement with the Subcontractor, stating that the Contractor and Subcontractor: (i) are jointly and severally liable to the Court for performing the duties in this Agreement; (ii) affirm the rights granted in this Agreement to the Court; (iii) make the representations and warranties made by the Contractor in this Agreement; (iv) appoint the Court an intended third party beneficiary under Contractor's written agreement with the Subcontractor; and (v) shall comply with and be subject to the terms of this Agreement, including with respect to Intellectual Property Rights, Confidential Information and Data Safeguards.

(d) Project Staff. Contractor shall appoint to the Project Staff: (i) individuals with suitable training and skills to provide the Work, and (ii) sufficient staffing to adequately provide the Work. Contractor shall make commercially reasonable efforts consistent with sound business practices to honor the specific request of the Court with regard to

assignment of its employees. The Court may require Contractor to remove any personnel from the Project Staff that interacts with any personnel of the Court, Court Contractors or any Judicial Branch Entity (including, without limitation, the Contractor Project Manager) upon providing to Contractor a reason (permitted by law) for such removal. Contractor may, with the Court's consent, continue to retain such member of the Project Staff in a role that does not interact with any personnel of the Court or Court Contractors. The Contractor Project Manager and the Court Project Manager shall work together to mitigate any impact on the schedule caused by any replacement of a Project Staff member. Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and expenses associated with any Project Staff replacement. Contractor shall assure an orderly and prompt succession for any Project Staff member who is replaced. If the Contract Amount is over \$200,000 (excluding Consulting Services), then Contractor shall give priority consideration in filling vacancies in positions funded by this Agreement to qualified recipients of aid under Welfare and Institutions Code section 11200 in accordance with PCC 10353.

(e) Conduct of Project Staff.

While at the Court Work Locations, Contractor shall, and shall cause Subcontractors to: (1) comply with the requests, standard rules and regulations and policies and procedures of the Court regarding safety and health, security, personal and professional conduct generally applicable to such Court Work Locations, and (2) otherwise conduct themselves in a businesslike manner.

Contractor shall enter into an agreement with each of the members of the Project Staff, which assigns, transfers and conveys to Contractor all of such Project Staff member's right, title and interest in and to any Developed Materials, including all Intellectual Property Rights in and to Developed Materials.

Contractor shall cooperate with the Court. Background checks will be performed on Contractor's employees or contractors by obtaining, at no additional cost, all releases, waivers, and permissions the Court may require. Contractor shall not assign personnel who refuse to undergo a background check. Contractor shall provide prompt notice to the Court of (i) any person who refuses to undergo a background check Contractor shall remove from the Project Staff any person refusing to undergo such background checks and any other person whose background check results are unacceptable to the Court.

1.7 Licenses and Approvals. Contractor shall obtain and keep current all necessary licenses, approvals, permits and authorizations required by Applicable Laws to provide the Work. Contractor will be responsible for all fees and taxes associated with obtaining such licenses, approvals, permits and authorizations, and for any fines and penalties arising from its noncompliance with any Applicable Law.

1.8 Progress Reports. As directed by the Court, Contractor must deliver progress reports or meet with Court personnel on a regular basis to allow: (i) the Court to determine whether the Contractor is on the right track and the project is on schedule, (ii) communication of interim findings, and (iii) opportunities for airing difficulties or special problems encountered so that remedies can be developed quickly.

## **2 Delivery, Acceptance, and Payment.**

2.1 Delivery. Contractor shall deliver to the Court the Deliverables in accordance with this Agreement, including the Statement of Work. Unless otherwise specified by the Court, Contractor will deliver all equipment purchased by the Court, if any, "Free on Board Destination Freight Prepaid" to the Court at the address and location specified by the Court. Title to all equipment purchased by the Court vests in the Court upon payment of the applicable purchase price. Contractor will bear the risk of loss for any Work being delivered until received by the Court at the proper location.

2.2 Acceptance. All Work is subject to written acceptance by the Court. The Court may reject any Work that: (i) fails to meet applicable requirements, Specifications, or acceptance criteria, (ii) are not as warranted, (iii) are performed or delivered late, or not provided in accordance with this Agreement; or (iv) contain Defects. Payment does not imply acceptance of Contractor's invoice or Work. If the Court provides Contractor a notice of rejection for any Work, Contractor shall modify such rejected Work at no expense to the Court to correct the relevant deficiencies and shall redeliver such Work to the Court within ten Business Days after Contractor's receipt of such notice of rejection, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Parties.



Thereafter, the Parties shall repeat the process set forth in this section until Contractor's receipt of the Court's written acceptance of such corrected Work (each such Court written acceptance, an "Acceptance"); provided, however, that if the Court rejects any Work on at least two occasions, the Court may terminate that portion of this Agreement which relates to the rejected Work at no expense to the Court.

2.3 Fees and Payment. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, the Contractor shall invoice the Court, and the Court shall compensate Contractor, as set forth in Appendix B. The fees to be paid to Contractor under this Agreement shall be the total and complete compensation to be paid to Contractor for its performance under this Agreement. Contractor shall bear, and the Court shall have no obligation to pay or reimburse Contractor for, any and all other fees, costs, profits, taxes or expenses of any nature that Contractor incurs.

**3 Representations and Warranties.** Contractor represents and warrants to the Court as follows:

3.1 Authorization/Compliance with Laws. (i) Contractor has full power and authority to enter into this Agreement, to grant the rights and licenses herein and to perform its obligations under this Agreement, and that Contractor's representative who signs this Agreement has the authority to bind Contractor to this Agreement; (ii) the execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of Contractor; (iii) Contractor shall not and shall cause Subcontractors not to enter into any arrangement with any Third Party which could reasonably be expected to abridge any rights of the Court under this Agreement; (iv) this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of Contractor, enforceable in accordance with its terms; (v) Contractor is qualified to do business and in good standing in the State of California; (vi) Contractor, its business, and its performance of its obligations under this Agreement comply with all Applicable Laws; and (vii) Contractor pays all undisputed debts when they come due.

3.2 No Gratuities or Conflict of Interest. Contractor: (i) has not directly or indirectly offered or given any gratuities (in the form of entertainment, gifts, or otherwise), to any Judicial Branch Personnel with a view toward securing this Agreement or securing favorable treatment with respect to any determinations concerning the performance of this Agreement; and (ii) has no interest that would constitute a conflict of interest under Public Contract Code sections 10365.5, 10410 or 10411; Government Code sections 1090 et seq. or 87100 et seq.; or California Rules of Court, rule 10.103 or 10.104, which restrict employees and former employees from contracting with Judicial Branch Entities.

3.3 No Litigation. No Claim or governmental investigation is pending or threatened against or affecting Contractor or Contractor's business, financial condition, or ability to perform this Agreement.

3.4 Not an Expatriate Corporation. Contractor is not an expatriate corporation or subsidiary of an expatriate corporation within the meaning of Public Contract Code section 10286.1, and is eligible to contract with the Court.

3.5 No Interference. To the best of Contractor's knowledge, this Agreement does not create a material conflict of interest or breach under any of Contractor's other contracts.

3.6 Drug Free Workplace. Contractor provides a drug-free workplace as required by California Government Code sections 8355 through 8357.

3.7 No Harassment / Non-discrimination. Contractor does not engage in unlawful harassment, including sexual harassment, with respect to any persons with whom Contractor may interact in the performance of this Agreement, and Contractor takes all reasonable steps to prevent harassment from occurring. Contractor complies with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), and California's Fair Employment and Housing Act (Government Code sections 12990 et seq.) and associated regulations (Code of Regulations, title 2, sections 7285 et seq.). Contractor does not unlawfully discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of age (40 and over), ancestry, color, creed,

disability (mental or physical) including HIV and AIDS, marital or domestic partner status, medical condition (including cancer and genetic characteristics), national origin, race, religion, request for family and medical care leave, sex (including gender and gender identity), and sexual orientation. Contractor has notified in writing each labor organization with which Contractor has a collective bargaining or other agreement of Contractor's obligations of non-discrimination.

3.8 Domestic Partners, Spouses, and Gender Discrimination. If the Contract Amount is \$100,000 or more, Contractor is in compliance with Public Contract Code section 10295.3, which places limitations on contracts with contractors whose benefits provisions discriminate between employees with spouses and employees with domestic partners.

3.9 National Labor Relations Board Orders. No more than one, final unappealable finding of contempt of court by a federal court has been issued against Contractor within the immediately preceding two-year period because of Contractor's failure to comply with an order of a federal court requiring Contractor to comply with an order of the National Labor Relations Board. Contractor swears under penalty of perjury that this representation is true.

3.10 Child Support Compliance Act. If the Contract Amount is \$100,000 or more: (i) Contractor recognizes the importance of child and family support obligations and fully complies with all applicable state and federal laws relating to child and family support enforcement, including, but not limited to, disclosure of information and compliance with earnings assignment orders, as provided in Chapter 8 (commencing with section 5200) of Part 5 of Division 9 of the Family Code; and (ii) Contractor provides the names of all new employees to the New Hire Registry maintained by the California Employment Development Department.

3.11 Intellectual Property. Contractor shall perform its obligations under this Agreement in a manner that the Work (including each Deliverable) and any portion thereof, does not infringe, or constitute an infringement, misappropriation or violation of, any Intellectual Property Right. Contractor has full Intellectual Property Rights and authority to perform all of its obligations under this Agreement, and Contractor is and will be either the owner of, or authorized to use for its own and the Court's benefit, all Contractor Materials, Third Party Materials, and Licensed Software used and to be used in connection with the Work.

3.12 Work. (i) the Work will be rendered with promptness and diligence and will be executed in a workmanlike manner, in accordance with the practices and professional standards used in well-managed operations performing services similar to the Work; (ii) Contractor will use efficiently the resources or services necessary to provide the Work; and provide the Work in the most cost efficient manner consistent with the required level of quality and performance; (iii) the Work will be provided free and clear of all liens, claims, and encumbrances; (iv) all Work will be free from all defects in materials and workmanship, and will be in accordance with Specifications, Documentation, Applicable Laws, and other requirements of this Agreement; and (v) if applicable, all equipment purchased by the Court from Contractor will be new. The foregoing representation and warranty in section 3.12(iv) shall commence upon the Court's Acceptance of the applicable Work, and shall continue for a period of one year following such Acceptance. In the event any Work does not conform to the foregoing provisions of this section 3.12, Contractor shall promptly correct all non-conformities.

3.13 Malicious Code. No Work will contain any Malicious Code. Contractor shall immediately provide to the Court written notice in reasonable detail upon becoming aware of the existence of any Malicious Code. Without limiting the foregoing, Contractor shall use best efforts and all necessary precautions to prevent the introduction and proliferation of any Malicious Code in the Court's IT Infrastructure or networks or in the Contractor systems used to provide Work. In the event Contractor or the Court discovers the existence of any Malicious Code, Contractor shall use its best efforts, in cooperation with

the Court, to effect the prompt removal of the Malicious Code from the Work and the Court's IT Infrastructure and the repair of any files or data corrupted thereby, and the expenses associated with the removal of the Malicious Code and restoration of the data shall be borne by Contractor. In no event will Contractor or any Subcontractor invoke any Malicious Code.

3.14 Four-Digit Date Compliance. Contractor will provide only Four-Digit Date Compliant Work to the Court. "Four-Digit Date Compliant" Work can accurately process, calculate, compare, and sequence date data, including without limitation date data arising out of or relating to leap years and changes in centuries.

3.15 Conflict Minerals. Contractor certifies either: (i) it is not a "scrutinized company" as defined in PCC 10490(b), or (ii) the goods or services the Contractor will provide to the Court are not related to products or services that are the reason the Contractor must comply with section 13(p) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

3.16 Miscellaneous. The rights and remedies of the Court provided in this section 3 will not be exclusive and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this Agreement. The representations and warranties that Contractor makes in this section 3 shall be true and accurate as of the Effective Date, and shall remain true during the term of this Agreement and the Termination Assistance Period. Contractor shall promptly notify the Court if any representation or warranty becomes untrue.

#### **4 Intellectual Property.**

4.1 Contractor/Third Party Materials. The Court shall have the right to approve in writing the introduction of any Contractor Materials or Third Party Materials into any Work prior to such introduction. Contractor grants to the Court, together with all Court Contractors, without additional charge, a perpetual, irrevocable, royalty-free, fully paid-up, worldwide, non-exclusive license to use, reproduce, perform, display, transmit, distribute, modify, create derivative works of, make, have made, sell, offer for sale and import Contractor Materials and Third Party Materials (including Source Code) and to sublicense such rights to other entities, in each case for California judicial branch business and operations.

4.2 Rights in Developed Materials. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, upon their creation the Developed Materials (and all Intellectual Property Rights therein) will be the sole and exclusive property of the Court. Contractor (for itself, Project Staff and Subcontractors) hereby irrevocably assigns, transfers and conveys to the Court without further consideration all worldwide right, title and interest in and to the Developed Materials, including all Intellectual Property Rights therein. Contractor further agrees to execute, and shall cause Project Staff and Subcontractors to execute, any documents or take any other actions as may be reasonably necessary or convenient to perfect the Court's or its designee's ownership of any Developed Materials and to obtain and enforce Intellectual Property Rights in or relating to Developed Materials. Contractor shall promptly notify the Court upon the completion of the development, creation or reduction to practice of any and all Developed Materials.

4.3 Retention of Rights. The Court retains all rights, title and interest (including all Intellectual Property Rights) in and to the Court Materials. Subject to rights granted herein, Contractor retains all rights, title and interest (including all Intellectual Property Rights) in and to the Contractor Materials.

4.4 Third-Party Rights. Contractor hereby assigns to the Court all of Contractor's licenses and other rights (including any representations, warranties, or indemnities that inure to Contractor from third parties) to all Third Party Materials incorporated into the Work. If such licenses and rights cannot be validly assigned to or passed through to the Court by Contractor without a Third Party's consent, then Contractor will use its best efforts to obtain such consent (at Contractor's expense) and will indemnify and hold harmless the Court and Court personnel against all Claims arising from Contractor's failure to obtain such consent.

**5 Confidentiality.**

5.1 General Obligations. During the Term and at all times thereafter, Contractor will: (a) hold all Confidential Information in strict trust and confidence, (b) refrain from using or permitting others to use Confidential Information in any manner or for any purpose not expressly permitted by this Agreement, and (c) refrain from disclosing or permitting others to disclose any Confidential Information to any Third Party without obtaining the Court's express prior written consent on a case-by-case basis. Contractor will disclose Confidential Information only to Project Staff (including Subcontractors) with a need to know in order to provide the Work hereunder and who have executed a confidentiality agreement with Contractor at least as protective as the provisions of this section 5. The provisions of this section 5 shall survive beyond the expiration or termination of this Agreement. Contractor will protect the Confidential Information from unauthorized use, access, or disclosure in the same manner as Contractor protects its own confidential or proprietary information of a similar nature, and with no less than reasonable care and industry-standard care. The Court owns all right, title and interest in the Confidential Information. Contractor will notify the Court promptly upon learning of any unauthorized disclosure or use of Confidential Information and will cooperate fully with the Court to protect such Confidential Information.

5.2 Removal; Return. Contractor will not remove any Confidential Information from the Court's facilities or premises without the Court's express prior written consent. Upon the Court's request and upon any termination or expiration of this Agreement, Contractor will promptly (a) return to the Court or, if so directed by the Court, destroy all Confidential Information (in every form and medium), and (b) certify to the Court in writing that Contractor has fully complied with the foregoing obligations.

5.3 Breach of Confidentiality. Contractor acknowledges that there can be no adequate remedy at law for any breach of Contractor's obligations hereunder, that any such breach will likely result in irreparable harm, and therefore, that upon any breach or threatened breach of the confidentiality obligations, the Court shall be entitled to appropriate equitable relief, without the requirement of posting a bond, in addition to its other remedies at law.

**6 Indemnification.**

6.1 General Indemnity. Contractor shall indemnify, defend (with counsel satisfactory to the Judicial Council of California), and hold harmless the Court and Court personnel against all Claims founded upon: (i) Contractor's provision of, or failure to provide, the Work (ii) any other breach by Contractor under this Agreement; or (iii) Third Party Claims relating to infringement or misappropriation of any Intellectual Property Right by Contractor or the Work, including software, services, systems, equipment, or other materials provided by Contractor or Subcontractors to the Court (collectively, the "Covered Items"). Contractor shall not make any admission of liability or other statement on behalf of an indemnified party or enter into any settlement or other agreement which would bind an indemnified party, without the Court's prior written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld; and the Court shall have the right, at its option and expense, to participate in the defense and/or settlement of a claim through counsel of its own choosing. Contractor's duties of indemnification exclude indemnifying a party for that portion of losses and expenses that are finally determined by a reviewing court to have arisen out of the sole negligence or willful misconduct of the indemnified party.

6.2 Certain Remedies. If any Covered Item provided under this Agreement becomes, or in Contractor's or the Court's reasonable opinion is likely to become, the subject of any Claim arising from or alleging infringement, misappropriation or other violation of, or in the event of any adjudication that such Covered Item infringes, misappropriates or otherwise violates any Intellectual Property Right of a Third Party, Contractor at its own expense shall take the following actions in the listed order of preference: (a) secure for the Court the right to continue using the applicable Covered Item; or (b) if commercially reasonable efforts

are unavailing, replace or modify the infringing Covered Item to make it noninfringing; provided, however, that such modification or replacement shall not degrade the operation or performance of the Covered Item.

**7 Option Term.**

7.1 The Court may, at its sole option, extend this Agreement for up to 2 consecutive one-year terms, at the end of which Option Terms this Agreement shall expire. In order to exercise an Option Term, the Court will send Notice to Contractor at least thirty days prior to the end of the Initial Term (or the then-current Option Term).

**8 Insurance.**

8.1 Basic Coverage. Contractor shall provide and maintain at Contractor's expense the following insurance during the Term:

(a) Workers Compensation and Employer's Liability. The policy is required only if Contractor has employees. It must include workers' compensation to meet minimum requirements of the California Labor Code, and it must provide coverage for employer's liability bodily injury at minimum limits of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per accident or disease;

(b) Commercial General Liability. The policy must be written on an occurrence form with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence, and a one million dollar (\$1,000,000) annual aggregate. Each policy must include coverage for liabilities arising out of premises, operations, independent contractors, products and completed operations, personal and advertising injury, and liability assumed in a contract.; and

(c) Professional Liability. The policy must cover Contractor's acts, errors and omissions committed or alleged to have been committed which arise out of rendering or failure to render services provided under this Agreement. The policy shall provide limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence and annual aggregate.

(d) Commercial Automobile Liability. If an automobile is used in providing the Work, automobile liability insurance with limits of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per accident. Such insurance must cover liability arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle, including owned, hired, and non-owned motor vehicles, assigned to or used in connection with providing the Work.

(e) Commercial Crime Insurance. If Contractor handles or has regular access to the Court's funds or property of significant value to the Court, this policy must cover dishonest acts including loss due to theft of money, securities, and property; forgery, and alteration of documents; and fraudulent transfer of money, securities, and property. The minimum liability limit must be not less than one million dollars \$1,000,000.

8.2 "Claims Made" Coverage. If any required insurance is written on a "claims made" form, Contractor shall maintain the coverage continuously throughout the Term, and, without lapse, for three years beyond the termination or expiration of this Agreement and the Court's acceptance of all Work provided under this Agreement. The retroactive date or "prior acts inclusion date" of any "claims made" policy must be no later than the date that Work commences under this Agreement.

8.3 Umbrella Policies. Contractor may satisfy basic coverage limits through any combination of primary, excess or umbrella insurance.

8.4 Aggregate Limits of Liability. The basic coverage limits of liability may be subject to annual aggregate limits. If this is the case the annual aggregate limits of liability must be at least two times the limits required for each policy, or the aggregate may equal the limits required but must apply separately to this Agreement.

8.5 Deductibles and Self-Insured Retentions. Contractor is responsible for and may not recover from the Court, including Judicial Branch Personnel, any deductible or self-insured retention that is connected to the insurance required under this section 8.

8.6 Additional Insured Status. With respect to commercial general liability and automobile liability insurance, the policies must be endorsed to include the Court and Court personnel as additional insureds.

8.7 Certificates of Insurance. Before Contractor begins providing Work, Contractor shall give the Court certificates of insurance attesting to the existence of coverage, and stating that the policies will not be canceled, terminated, or amended to reduce coverage without 30 or more days' prior written notice to the Court. Any replacement certificates of insurance are subject to the approval of the Court, and, without prejudice to the Court, Contractor shall not provide Work before the Court approves the certificates.

8.8 Qualifying Insurers. For insurance to satisfy the requirements of this section, all required insurance must be issued by an insurer with an A.M. Best rating of A - or better that is approved to do business in the State of California.

8.9 Required Policy Provisions. Each policy must provide, as follows:

(a) Insurance Primary; Waiver of Recovery. With respect to commercial general liability and automobile liability insurance, the policies must be endorsed to be primary and non-contributory with any insurance or self-insurance programs maintained by the Court and Court personnel. Contractor waives any right of recovery it may have, and will require that any insurer providing commercial general liability, workers compensation, and automobile liability to also waive any right of recovery it may have against the Court and Court personnel for liability arising out of the Work; and

(b) Separation of Insureds. The insurance applies separately to each insured against whom a claim is made and/or a lawsuit is brought, to the limits of the insurer's liability.

8.10 Partnerships. If Contractor is an association, partnership, or other joint business venture, the basic coverage may be provided by either of the following methods: (i) separate insurance policies issued for each individual entity, with each entity included as a named insured or as an additional insured; or (ii) joint insurance program with the association, partnership, or other joint business venture included as a named insured.

8.11 Consequences of Lapse. If required insurance lapses during the Term, the Court is not required to process invoices after such lapse until Contractor provides evidence of reinstatement that is effective as of the lapse date.

## **9 Term / Termination.**

9.1 Term. This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and have an initial term of one year. The Court may, at its sole option, extend the Term for up to three consecutive one-year periods, at the end of which this Agreement shall expire. In order to extend the Term, the Court must notify Contractor prior to the end of the initial term (or the then-current one-year extension period)".

9.2 Termination for Convenience. The Court may terminate, in whole or in part, this Agreement for convenience (without cause) upon thirty days prior written notice. The Court's notice obligations under the

foregoing sentence shall not apply to any stop work orders issued by the Court under this Agreement. After receipt of such notice, and except as otherwise directed by the Court, Contractor shall immediately: (a) stop Work as specified in the notice; and (b) place no further subcontracts, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of this Agreement.

9.3 Early Termination. The Court may terminate, in whole or in part, this Agreement immediately “for cause” if Contractor is in Default. The Court may also terminate this Agreement or limit Work (and proportionately, Contractor’s fees) upon written notice to Contractor without prejudice to any right or remedy of the Court if: (i) expected or actual funding to compensate the Contractor is withdrawn, reduced or limited; or (ii) the Court determines that Contractor’s performance under this Agreement has become infeasible due to changes in Applicable Laws.

9.4 Rights and Remedies of the Court.

(a) All remedies provided for in this Agreement may be exercised individually or in combination with any other available remedy. Contractor shall notify the Court immediately if Contractor is in Default, or if a Third Party claim or dispute is brought or threatened that alleges facts that would constitute a Default under this Agreement. If Contractor is in Default, the Court may do any of the following: (i) withhold all or any portion of a payment otherwise due to Contractor, and exercise any other rights of setoff as may be provided in this Agreement or any other agreement between the Court and Contractor; (ii) require Contractor to enter into non-binding mediation; (iii) exercise, following notice, the Court’s right of early termination of this Agreement as provided herein; and (iv) seek any other remedy available at law or in equity.

(b) If the Court terminates this Agreement in whole or in part for cause, the Court may acquire from third parties, under the terms and in the manner the Court considers appropriate, goods or services equivalent to those terminated, and Contractor shall be liable to the Court for any excess costs for those goods or services. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, in no event shall the excess cost to the Court for such goods and services be excluded under this Agreement as indirect, incidental, special, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages of the Court. Contractor shall continue the Work not terminated hereunder.

(c) In the event of any expiration or termination of this Agreement, Contractor shall promptly provide the Court with all originals and copies of the Deliverables (including: (i) any partially-completed Deliverables and related work product or materials; and (ii) any Contractor Materials, Third Party Materials, and Developed Materials comprising such Deliverables or partially-completed Deliverables), Confidential Information, Court Data, Court Materials, and all portions thereof, in its possession, custody, or control. In the event of any termination of this Agreement, the Court shall not be liable to Contractor for compensation or damages incurred as a result of such termination; provided that if the Court’s termination is not based on a Default, Court shall pay any fees due under this Agreement for Deliverables completed and accepted as of the date of the Court’s termination notice.

9.5 Termination Assistance. At the Court’s request and option, during the Termination Assistance Period, Contractor shall provide, at the same rates charged immediately before the start of the Termination Assistance Period, to the Court or to its designee (collectively, “Successor”) services reasonably necessary to

enable the Court to obtain from another contractor, or to provide for itself, services to substitute for or replace the Work, together with all other services to allow the Work to continue without interruption or adverse effect and to facilitate the orderly transfer of the Work to the Successor (collectively, the “Termination Assistance Services”). Termination Assistance Services will be provided to the Court by Contractor regardless of the reason for termination or expiration. At the Court’s option and election, the Court may extend the Termination Assistance Period for an additional six (6) months.

9.6 Survival. Termination of this Agreement shall not affect the rights and/or obligations of the Parties which arose prior to any such termination (unless otherwise provided herein) and such rights and/or obligations shall survive any such expiration or termination. Rights and obligations which by their nature should survive shall remain in effect after termination or expiration of this Agreement, including sections 3 through 10 of these General Terms and Conditions.

## 10 Special Provisions.

10.1 Agreements Providing for Compensation of \$50,000 or more; Union Activities Restrictions. As required under Government Code sections 16645-16649, if the Contact Amount is \$50,000 or more, Contractor agrees that no Court funds received under this agreement will be used to assist, promote or deter union organizing. If Contractor incurs costs, or makes expenditures to assist, promote or deter union organizing, Contractor will maintain records sufficient to show that no Court funds were used for those expenditures and no reimbursement from the Court was sought for these costs. Contractor will provide those records to the Attorney General upon request.

10.2 DVBE Commitment. This section is applicable if Contractor received a disabled veteran business enterprise (“DVBE”) incentive in connection with this Agreement. Contractor’s failure to meet the DVBE commitment set forth in its bid or proposal constitutes a breach of the Agreement. If Contractor used DVBE subcontractor(s) in connection with this Agreement: (i) Contractor must use the DVBE subcontractors identified in its bid or proposal, unless the Court approves in writing replacement by another DVBE subcontractor in accordance with the terms of this Agreement; and (ii) Contractor must within sixty days of receiving final payment under this Agreement certify in a report to the Court: (1) the total amount of money Contractor received under the Agreement; (2) the name and address of each DVBE subcontractor to which Contractor subcontracted work in connection with the Agreement; (3) the amount each DVBE subcontractor received from Contractor in connection with the Agreement; and (4) that all payments under the Agreement have been made to the applicable DVBE subcontractors. A person or entity that knowingly provides false information shall be subject to a civil penalty for each violation.

10.3 Competitively Bid Contracts; Antitrust Claims. If this Agreement resulted from a competitive bid, Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the Government Code sections set out below.

(a) Contractor shall assign to the Court all rights, title, and interest in and to all causes of action it may have under Section 4 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 15) or under the Cartwright Act (Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code), arising from purchases of goods, materials, or services by Contractor for sale to the Court pursuant to the bid. Such assignment shall be made and become effective at the time the Court tenders final payment to the Contractor. (GC 4552)

(b) If the Court receives, either through judgment or settlement, a monetary recovery for a cause of action assigned under this chapter, the Contractor shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for actual legal costs incurred and may, upon demand, recover from the Court any portion of the recovery, including treble damages, attributable to overcharges that were paid by the Contractor but were not paid by the Court as part of the bid price, less the expenses incurred in obtaining that portion of the recovery. (GC 4553)



(c) Upon demand in writing by the Contractor, the Court shall, within one year from such demand, reassign the cause of action assigned under this part if the Contractor has been or may have been injured by the violation of law for which the cause of action arose and (1) the Court has not been injured thereby, or (2) the Court declines to file a court action for the cause of action. (GC 4554)

10.4 Iran Contracting Act. If the Contract Amount is \$1,000,000 or more, Contractor certifies either (i) it is not on the current list of persons engaged in investment activities in Iran (“Iran List”) created by the California Department of General Services pursuant to PCC 2203(b), and is not a financial institution extending \$20,000,000 or more in credit to another person, for 45 days or more, if that other person will use the credit to provide goods or services in the energy sector in Iran and is identified on the Iran List, or (ii) it has received written permission from the Court to enter into this Agreement pursuant to PCC 2203(c).

10.5 Small Business Preference Contract Clause. This section is applicable if Contractor received a small business preference in connection with this Agreement. Contractor’s failure to meet the small business commitment set forth in its bid or proposal constitutes a breach of this Agreement. Contractor must within sixty days of receiving final payment under this Agreement report to the Court the actual percentage of small/micro business participation that was achieved. If Contractor is a nonprofit veteran service agency (“NVSA”), Contractor must employ veterans receiving services from the NVSA for not less than 75 percent of the person-hours of direct labor required for the production of goods and the provision of services performed pursuant to this Agreement.

## 11 General.

11.1 Audits. Contractor shall allow the Court and its designees to review and audit Contractor’s documents and records relating to this Agreement, and Contractor shall retain such documents and records for a period of four years following final payment under this Agreement. Contractor shall correct errors and deficiencies by the 20th day of the month following the review or audit. Contractor shall provide to the Court and Court Contractors, on Contractor’s premises (or, if the audit is being performed of an Subcontractor, Subcontractor’s premises if necessary), space, office furnishings (including lockable cabinets), telephone and facsimile services, utilities and office-related equipment and duplicating services as the Court or such Court Contractors may reasonably require to perform the audits described in this Section. Without limiting the foregoing, this Agreement is subject to examinations and audit by the State Auditor for a period three years after final payment.

11.2 References. In this Agreement and the Appendixes: (a) the Appendixes shall be incorporated into and deemed part of this Agreement and all references to this Agreement shall include the Appendixes; (b) the Article and Section headings are for reference and convenience only and shall not be considered in the interpretation of this Agreement; (c) references to and mentions of the word “including” or the phrase “e.g.” means “including, without limitation” and (d) unless specifically stated to the contrary, all references to days herein shall be deemed to refer to calendar days.

11.3 Assignment. This Agreement will not be assignable by Contractor in whole or in part (whether by operation of law or otherwise) without the prior written consent of the Court. Any assignment made in contravention of the foregoing shall be void and of no effect. Subject to the foregoing, this Agreement will be binding on the Parties and their permitted successors and assigns.

11.4 Notices. Any notice required or permitted under the terms of this Agreement or required by law must be in writing and must be: (a) delivered in person, (b) sent by registered or certified mail, or (c) sent by overnight air courier, in each case properly posted and fully prepaid to the appropriate address and recipient set forth below:

If to Contractor:	If to the Court:
[name, title, address] _____	Superior Court of California, County of Tehama Attention: Court Executive Officer 633 Washington Street Red Bluff, CA 96080

Either Party may change its address for notification purposes by giving the other Party written notice of the new address in accordance with this Section. Notices will be considered to have been given at the time of actual delivery in person, three Business Days after deposit in the mail as set forth above, or one (1) day after delivery to an overnight air courier service.

11.5 Independent Contractors. Contractor and Subcontractors in the performance of this Agreement shall act in an independent capacity and not as officers or employees or agents of the Court or Court Contractors. Neither the making of this Agreement nor the performance of its provisions shall be construed to constitute either of the Parties hereto as an agent, employee, partner, joint venturer, or legal representative of the other, and the relationship of the Parties under this Agreement is that of independent contractors. Neither Party shall have any right, power or authority, express or implied, to bind the other.

11.6 Covenant of Further Assurances. Contractor covenants and agrees that, subsequent to the execution and delivery of this Agreement and without any additional consideration, Contractor shall execute and deliver any further legal instruments and perform any acts that are or may become necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Agreement.

11.7 Publicity. News releases and other public disclosures pertaining to this Agreement will not be made by Contractor without prior written approval of the Court.

11.8 Third Party Beneficiaries. Each Party intends that this Agreement shall not benefit, or create any right or cause of action in or on behalf of, any person or entity other than the Parties.

11.9 Governing Law; Jurisdiction; and Venue. This Agreement and performance under it will be exclusively governed by the laws of the State of California without regard to its conflict of law provisions. The parties shall attempt in good faith to resolve informally and promptly any dispute that arises under this Agreement. Contractor hereby irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the state and federal district courts located in California in any legal action concerning or relating to this Agreement.

11.10 Follow-On Contracting. Subject to certain exceptions, no person, firm, or subsidiary thereof who has been awarded a Consulting Services contract may submit a bid for, nor be awarded a contract for, the provision of services, procurement of goods or supplies, or any other related action which is required, suggested, or otherwise deemed appropriate in the end product of the Consulting Services contract.

11.11 Order of Precedence. Any conflict among or between the documents making up this Agreement will be resolved in accordance with the following order of precedence (in descending order of precedence): (i) Appendix C - The General Terms and Conditions and Appendix D – Defined Terms; (ii) the Coversheet; (iii) Appendix B – Pricing and Payment; (iv) Appendix A – Statement of Work; and (v) any exhibits to the Agreement.

11.12 Miscellaneous. This Agreement has been arrived at through negotiation between the Parties. Neither Party is the party that prepared this Agreement for purposes of construing this Agreement under California Civil Code section 1654. No amendment to this Agreement will be effective unless in writing. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. If any part of this Agreement is held unenforceable, all other parts remain enforceable. A Party's waiver of enforcement of any of this Agreement's terms or conditions is effective only if in writing. Any waiver or failure to enforce any provision of this Agreement on one occasion will not be deemed a waiver of any other provision or of such provision on any other occasion. Time is of the essence regarding Contractor's performance of the Work. Unless otherwise approved by the Court in writing in advance, Work may not be performed outside of the United States. The Contractor shall maintain an adequate system of accounting and internal controls that meets Generally Accepted Accounting Principles or GAAP. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but taken together, all of which shall constitute one and the same Agreement.

## **APPENDIX D: DEFINED TERMS<sup>1</sup>**

“Acceptance” is defined in Appendix C, section 2.2.

“Agreement” means this Standard Agreement as defined on the Coversheet, including the following: Appendix A (Statement of Work), Appendix B (Pricing and Payment), Appendix C (General Provisions) and Appendix D (Defined Terms).

“Applicable Law” means any applicable laws, codes, legislative acts, regulations, ordinances, rules, rules of court, and orders.

“Business Day” means any day other than Saturday, Sunday or a scheduled Court holiday.

“Claims” means claims, suits, actions, arbitrations, demands, proceedings, fines, penalties, losses, damages, liabilities, judgments, settlements, costs, and expenses (including reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs), including those based on the injury to or death of any person or damage to property.

“Confidential Information” means: (i) any information related to the business or operations of the Court including information relating to the Court’s personnel and users; (ii) all financial, statistical, personal, technical and other data and information of the Court (and proprietary information of third parties provided to Contractor) that is designated confidential or proprietary, or that Contractor otherwise knows, or would reasonably be expected to know is confidential; and (iii) all Deliverables, Developed Materials, Court Materials and Court Data. Confidential Information does not include information (that Contractor demonstrates to the Court’s satisfaction, by written evidence): (a) that Contractor lawfully knew prior to the Court’s first disclosure to Contractor, (b) that a Third Party rightfully disclosed to Contractor free of any confidentiality duties or obligations, or (c) that is, or through no fault of Contractor has become, generally available to the public.

“Consulting Services” refers to the services performed under “Consulting Services Agreements,” which are defined in Public Contract Code section 10335.5, substantially, as contracts that: (i) are of an advisory nature; (ii) provide a recommended course of action or personal expertise; (iii) have an end product that is basically a transmittal of information, either written or oral, that is related to the governmental functions of state agency administration and management and program management or innovation; and (iv) are obtained by awarding a contract, a grant, or any other payment of funds for services of the above type. The end product may include anything from answers to specific questions to design of a system or plan, and includes workshops, seminars, retreats, and conferences for which paid expertise is retained by contract.

“Contract Amount” has the meaning set forth on the Coversheet.

“Contractor Key Personnel” means the Contractor Project Manager and those Project Staff members identified as “Key Personnel” in this Agreement.

“Contractor Project Manager” means the employee identified in this Agreement as the Contractor project manager.

“Contractor Work Location(s)” means any location (except for a Court Work Location) from which Contractor provides Work.

“Contractor Materials” means Materials owned or developed prior to the provision of the Work, or developed by Contractor independently from the provision of the Work and without use of the Court Materials or Confidential Information.

“Coversheet” refers to the first sheet of this Agreement.

“Data Safeguards” means industry-standard safeguards against the destruction, loss, misuse, unauthorized disclosure, or alteration of the Court Data or Confidential Information, and such other related safeguards that are set forth in Applicable Laws, or pursuant to Court policies or procedures.

“Default” means if any of the following occurs: (i) Contractor breaches any of Contractor’s obligations under this Agreement, and this breach is not cured within ten days following notice of breach or is not capable of being cured within this cure period; (ii) Contractor or Contractor’s creditors file a petition as to Contractor’s bankruptcy or

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<sup>1</sup> Additional capitalized terms may be defined in the other Appendices to this Agreement

insolvency, or Contractor is declared bankrupt, becomes insolvent, makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, goes into liquidation or receivership, or otherwise loses legal control of its business; (iii) Contractor makes or has made under this Agreement any representation, warranty, or certification that is or was incorrect, inaccurate, or misleading; or (iv) any act, condition, or item required to be fulfilled or performed by Contractor to (a) enable Contractor lawfully to enter into or perform its obligations under this Agreement, (b) ensure that these obligations are legal, valid, and binding, or (c) make this Agreement admissible when required is not fulfilled or performed.

“Defect” means any failure of any portion of the Work to conform to and perform in accordance with the requirements of this Agreement and all applicable Specifications and Documentation.

“Deliverables” means any Developed Materials, Contractor Materials, Third Party Materials, or any combination thereof, as well as any other items, goods, or equipment provided pursuant to the Work.

“Developed Materials” means Materials created, made, or developed by Contractor or Subcontractors, either solely or jointly with the Court or Court Contractors, in the course of providing the Work under this Agreement, and all Intellectual Property Rights therein and thereto, including, without limitation, (i) all work-in-process, data or information, (ii) all modifications, enhancements and derivative works made to Contractor Materials, and (iii) all Deliverables; provided, however, that Developed Materials do not include Contractor Materials.

“Documentation” means all technical architecture documents, technical manuals, user manuals, flow diagrams, operations guides, file descriptions, training materials and other documentation related to the Work; together with all upgrades thereto.

“Effective Date” has the meaning set forth on the Coversheet.

“Intellectual Property Rights” means all past, present, and future rights of the following types, which may exist or be created under the laws of any jurisdiction in the world: (a) rights associated with works of authorship, including copyrights, moral rights, and mask work rights; (b) trademark and trade name rights and similar rights; (c) trade secret rights; (d) patent and industrial property rights; (e) other proprietary rights in intellectual property of every kind and nature; and (f) rights in or relating to registrations, renewals, extensions, combinations, divisions, and reissues of, and applications for, any of the rights referred to in clauses (a) through (e) of this sentence.

“IT Infrastructure” means software and all computers and related equipment, including, as applicable, central processing units and other processors, controllers, modems, servers, communications and telecommunications equipment and other hardware and peripherals.

“Court” has the meaning defined in the coversheet of this Agreement.

“Court Contractors” means the agents, subcontractors and other representatives of the Court, other than Contractor and Subcontractors.

“Court Data” means all data and information of the Court or Court Contractors disclosed to or accessed by Contractor or Subcontractors, including all such data and information relating to the Court and its respective contractors, agents, employees, technology, operations, facilities, markets, products, capacities, systems, procedures, security practices, court records, court proceedings, research, development, business affairs and finances, ideas, concepts, innovations, inventions, designs, business methodologies, improvements, trade secrets, copyrightable subject matter, patents and other intellectual property and proprietary information.

“Court Project Manager” means the individual appointed by the Court to communicate directly with the Contractor Project Manager.

“Court Work Locations” means any Court facility at which Contractor provides Work.

“Court Materials” means Materials owned, licensed, made, conceived, or reduced to practice by the Court or a Court Contractor, any Materials developed or acquired separate from this Agreement, and all modifications, enhancements, derivative works, and Intellectual Property Rights in any of the foregoing.

“Judicial Branch Entity” or “Judicial Branch Entities” means the Court and any California superior or appellate court, the Judicial Council of California, and the Habeas Corpus Resource Center; these entities comprise the “Judicial Branch.”

“Judicial Branch Personnel” means members, justices, judges, judicial officers, subordinate judicial officers, employees, and agents of a Judicial Branch Entity.

“Malicious Code” means any (i) program routine, device or other feature or hidden file, including any time bomb, virus, software lock, Trojan horse, drop-dead device, worm, malicious logic or trap door that may delete, disable, deactivate, interfere with or otherwise harm the Court’s hardware, software, data or other programs, and (ii) hardware-limiting, software-limiting or services-limiting function (including any key, node lock, time-out or other similar functions), whether implemented by electronic or other means.

“Materials” means all inventions (whether patentable or not), discoveries, literary works and other works of authorship (including software), designations, designs, know-how, technology, tools, ideas and information.

“Parties” means the Court and Contractor, collectively.

“Party” means either the Court or Contractor, as the case may be.

“Project Staff” means the personnel of Contractor and Subcontractors who provide the Work.

“Source Code” means human-readable program statements written by a programmer or developer in a high-level or assembly language that are not directly readable by a computer and that need to be compiled into object code before they can be executed by a computer.

“Specifications” means with respect to each Deliverable, service, goods, or other portion of the Work, the detailed provisions and documents setting out the specifications, functionality and requirements.

“Subcontractor” means the agents, subcontractors and other representatives of Contractor providing Work hereunder who are not employees of Contractor.

“Term” means the term of this Agreement, including any and all option years.

“Termination Assistance Period” means the period commencing upon the expiration or termination of this Agreement and expiring six (6) months thereafter, as such period may be extended by the Parties.

“Third Party” means any person or entity other than the Court or Contractor.

“Third Party Materials” means Materials that are licensed or obtained by Contractor from a Third Party.

“Work” means each of the following, individually and collectively: the services, Deliverables, goods (including equipment) and materials provided under this Agreement, and any incidental services, items, or responsibilities that are reasonable and customary in the industry and not specifically described in this Agreement, but which are required for the performance of Contractor’s obligations and delivery of services.

“Work Location(s)” means any Court Work Location or Contractor Work location.


**ATTACHMENT 3**  
**PROPOSER'S ACCEPTANCE OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

**Instructions:** Mark the appropriate choice below and sign this attachment.

- ☐ 1. Proposer accepts Attachment 2: Court Standard Terms and Conditions ("Attachment 2") without exception.

***OR***

- ☐ 2. Proposer proposes exceptions or changes to Attachment 2. Proposer must also submit (i) a red-lined version of Attachment 2 that implements all proposed changes, and (ii) a written explanation or rationale for each exception or proposed change.

BY (Authorized Signature) 
PRINTED NAME OF PERSON SIGNING
TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING

**ATTACHMENT 4**  
**GENERAL CERTIFICATIONS FORM**


Check the box below, if agreed, and sign this attachment. Please note that the Court will reject a proposal from a Proposer that does not indicate acceptance of these clauses.

**Conflict of Interest.** Proposer has no interest that would constitute a conflict of interest under California Public Contract Code (PCC) sections 10365.5, 10410 or 10411; Government Code sections 1090 et seq. or 87100 et seq.; or California Rules of Court, rule 10.103 or 10.104, which restrict employees and former employees from contracting with judicial branch entities.

**Suspension or Debarment.** Proposer certifies that neither Proposer nor any of Proposer's intended subcontractors is on the California Department of General Services' list of firms and persons that have been suspended or debarred from contracting with the state because of a violation of PCC 10115.10, regarding disabled veteran business enterprises.

**Tax Delinquency.** Proposer certifies that it is not on either (i) the California Franchise Tax Board's list of 500 largest state income tax delinquencies, or (ii) the California Board of Equalization's list of 500 largest delinquent sales and use tax accounts.

☐ Check box to indicate acceptance of the clauses above.

BY (Authorized Signature) 
PRINTED NAME OF PERSON SIGNING
TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING

**ATTACHMENT 5**  
**SMALL BUSINESS DECLARATION**

Complete this form only if the Proposer will claim the small business preference associated with this solicitation. Please review the “Small Business Declaration Instructions” before completing this form. If the Proposer submits incomplete or inaccurate information, it will not receive the small business preference.

**SECTION I. COMPLETE IF THE PROPOSER IS A SMALL BUSINESS**

*If the Proposer is not a Small Business, skip this section.*

1. DGS Supplier ID number: \_\_\_\_\_
2. Small Business Certification active from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_
3. Will the Proposer subcontract any portion of the contract work to subcontractors? \_\_\_\_\_

If yes:

A. State the percentage of the contract work the Proposer will subcontract: \_\_\_\_\_

B. Describe the goods and/or services to be provided by the Proposer itself in connection with the contract: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

C. Explain how the Proposer is performing a “commercially useful function” for purposes of this contract. (Please see the instructions for the definition of “commercially useful function.”) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4. The Proposer must submit a copy of its Small Business certification approval letter along with this declaration.

**SECTION II. COMPLETE IF THE PROPOSER IS A NON-PROFIT VETERAN SERVICE AGENCY (NVSA)**

*If Proposer is not an NVSA, skip this section.*

1. DGS Supplier ID number: \_\_\_\_\_
2. NVSA Certification active from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_
3. The Proposer must submit a copy of its NVSA certification approval letter along with this declaration.



### SECTION III. CERTIFICATION

I, the official named below, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this form is true and correct. I am duly authorized to legally bind the Proposer to this certification. This certification is made under the laws of the State of California.

<i>Company Name (Printed)</i>		<i>Tax ID Number</i>
<i>Address</i>		<i>Telephone Number</i>
<i>By (Authorized Signature)</i>		
<i>Printed Name and Title of Person Signing</i>		
<i>Date Executed</i>	<i>Executed in the County of _____ in the</i> <i>State of _____</i>	

## SMALL BUSINESS DECLARATION INSTRUCTIONS

### General Instructions

In this form, (i) “DGS” refers to the Department of General Services, and (ii) “Small Business” refers to an entity certified by DGS as a small business or a microbusiness.

If the Proposer will claim the small business preference in a solicitation where a small business preference is offered, it must complete the Small Business Declaration. If no small business preference is offered, or the Proposer does not claim the small business preference, the Proposer should not complete the Small Business Declaration.

The Court will determine whether the Proposer is eligible to receive the small business preference based on information provided in the Small Business Declaration. The Court may, but is not obligated to, verify or seek clarification of any information set forth in the Small Business Declaration. If the Proposer submits incomplete or inaccurate information, it will not receive the small business preference.

### Instructions for Section I

*Skip this section if the Proposer is not itself a Small Business.*

1. Provide the Proposer’s DGS Supplier ID number. This number is in the Proposer’s DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
2. Provide the applicable dates. These dates are listed in the Proposer’s DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
3. If the Proposer will subcontract any portion of the contract work, answer “yes” and complete subparts A-C. If the Proposer will not subcontract any portion of the contract work, answer “no” and skip subparts A-C.  
**Subpart A:** This percentage is equal to the amount to be paid by the Proposer to all subcontractors divided by the Proposer’s total proposal price, multiplied by 100. Enter a percentage; do not enter a dollar amount. For example, if the amount to be paid by the Proposer to subcontractors is \$35,000 and the Proposer’s total proposal price is \$125,000, enter “28%” ( $35000 \div 125000 = 0.28$ ;  $0.28 \times 100 = 28$ ).  
**Subpart B:** Provide a detailed description of the goods and/or services the Proposer itself will provide for the contract. In other words, provide a detailed description of the goods and/or services that will not be subcontracted. Attach additional sheets if necessary.  
**Subpart C:** Provide an explanation of how the Proposer’s goods and/or services constitute a “commercially useful function” for purposes of the contract. Pursuant to Government Code section 14837, a business is deemed to perform a “commercially useful function” if the business does all of the following: (i) is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work of the contract; (ii) carries out its obligation by actually performing, managing, or supervising the work involved; (iii) performs work that is normal for its business services and functions; (iv) is responsible, with respect to products, inventories, materials, and supplies required for the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering, installing, if applicable, and making payment; and (v) is not further subcontracting a portion of the work that is greater than that expected to be subcontracted by normal industry practices. Note: a business will not be considered to perform a “commercially useful function” if its role is limited to that of an extra participant in a transaction, contract, or project through which funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of Small Business participation. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
4. Each entity certified as a Small Business by DGS will have received a Small Business certification approval letter from DGS. The Proposer must submit a copy of its Small Business certification approval letter.

## **Instructions for Section II**

*Skip this section if the Proposer is not an NVSA.*

1. Provide the Proposer's DGS Supplier ID number. This number is in the Proposer's DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
2. Provide the applicable dates. These dates are listed in the Proposer's DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
3. Each entity certified as an NVSA by DGS will have received a certification approval letter. The Proposer must submit a copy of its certification approval letter.

## **Instructions for Section III**

Provide the Proposer's full legal name, tax ID number, address, and telephone number in the appropriate boxes. The certification must be signed by an authorized Proposer representative in the box labeled "*By (Authorized Signature).*" Provide the name and title of the authorized Proposer representative, and the date, county, and state where that person signed the certification, in the appropriate boxes.

**ATTACHMENT 6**  
**BIDDER DVBE DECLARATION**

Complete this form only if Bidder wishes to claim the DVBE incentive associated with this solicitation. Please review the “Bidder Declaration Instructions” prior to completing this form. If Bidder submits incomplete or inaccurate information, it will not receive the DVBE incentive.

**SECTION I. COMPLETE IF BIDDER IS A DVBE**

*If Bidder is not a DVBE, skip this section.*

1. DGS Supplier ID number: \_\_\_\_\_
2. DVBE Certification active from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_
3. Will Bidder subcontract any portion of the contract work to subcontractors? \_\_\_\_\_

If yes:

A. State the percentage of the contract work Bidder will subcontract: \_\_\_\_\_

B. Describe the goods and/or services to be provided by Bidder itself in connection with the contract: \_\_\_\_\_

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C. Explain how Bidder is performing a “commercially useful function” for purposes of this contract. (Please see the instructions for the definition of “commercially useful function.”) \_\_\_\_\_

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4. The disabled veteran owners and managers of Bidder must complete and sign the **DVBE Declaration** (a separate document). Bidder must submit the completed DVBE Declaration along with this Bidder Declaration.
5. Bidder must submit a copy of its DVBE certification approval letter along with this Bidder Declaration.

**SECTION II. COMPLETE IF BIDDER HAS A DVBE BUSINESS UTILIZATION PLAN**

*Skip this section if (i) Bidder does not have an approved DVBE Business Utilization Plan (BUP) on file with DGS, or (ii) this solicitation is for non-IT services.*

1. Date BUP was approved by DGS: \_\_\_\_\_
2. Date through which BUP is valid: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Bidder must submit a copy of its “Notice of Approved DVBE Business Utilization Plan” issued by DGS along with this Bidder Declaration.

### SECTION III. COMPLETE IF BIDDER WILL USE DVBE SUBCONTRACTORS

Enter the total number of DVBE subcontractors (DVBE Subcontractors) that Bidder will use for this contract: \_\_\_\_\_

*If the total number of DVBE Subcontractors Bidder will use is zero, skip this section.*

Provide the following information or materials for **each** DVBE Subcontractor that Bidder will use for this contract. Attach additional sheets if necessary.

1. DVBE Subcontractor name: \_\_\_\_\_
2. DVBE Subcontractor contact person: \_\_\_\_\_
3. DVBE Subcontractor address: \_\_\_\_\_
4. DVBE Subcontractor phone number: \_\_\_\_\_
5. DVBE Subcontractor email: \_\_\_\_\_
6. DVBE Subcontractor's DGS Supplier ID number: \_\_\_\_\_
7. DVBE Subcontractor DVBE Certification active from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Bidder must submit a copy of the DVBE Subcontractor's DVBE certification approval letter along with this Bidder Declaration.
9. Describe the goods and/or services to be provided by the DVBE Subcontractor in connection with the contract:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
10. Explain how the DVBE Subcontractor is performing a "commercially useful function" for purposes of this contract. (Please see the instructions for the definition of "commercially useful function.")  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
11. Enter the percentage of the total bid price for the goods and/or services to be provided by the DVBE Subcontractor: \_\_\_\_\_%
12. Provide written confirmation from the DVBE Subcontractor that it will provide the goods and/or services identified above if Bidder is awarded the contract.
13. The disabled veteran owners and managers of the DVBE Subcontractor must complete and sign the **DVBE Declaration** (a separate document). Bidder must submit the completed DVBE Declaration along with this Bidder Declaration.

#### **SECTION IV. CERTIFICATION**

I, the official named below, certify that the information provided in this form is true and correct. I am duly authorized to legally bind Bidder to this certification. This certification is made under the laws of the State of California.

<i>Company Name (Printed)</i>		<i>Tax ID Number</i>
<i>Address</i>		<i>Telephone Number</i>
<i>By (Authorized Signature)</i>		
<i>Printed Name and Title of Person Signing</i>		
<i>Date Executed</i>	<i>Executed in the County of _____ in the</i> <i>State of _____</i>	

## **BIDDER DECLARATION INSTRUCTIONS**

### **General Instructions**

In this form, (i) “DGS” refers to the Department of General Services; (ii) “Bidder” refers to a person or entity that submits a response to a competitive solicitation issued by the JBE, including both IFBs and RFPs; and (iii) “bid” refers to a response to a competitive solicitation issued by the JBE, including both IFBs and RFPs. Pursuant to Military and Veterans Code section 999, a person or an entity is deemed to perform a “commercially useful function” if a person or entity does all of the following: (a) is responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work of the contract; (b) carries out the obligation by actually performing, managing, or supervising the work involved; (c) performs work that is normal for its business services and functions; (d) is responsible, with respect to products, inventories, materials, and supplies required for the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering, installing, if applicable, and making payment; and (e) is not further subcontracting a portion of the work that is greater than that expected to be subcontracted by normal industry practices. Note: a person or entity will not be considered to perform a “commercially useful function” if its role is limited to that of an extra participant in a transaction, contract, or project through which funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of DVBE participation.

If Bidder wishes to claim the DVBE incentive in a solicitation where a DVBE incentive is offered, it must complete the Bidder Declaration. If no DVBE incentive is offered, or Bidder does not wish to claim the DVBE incentive, Bidder should not complete the Bidder Declaration.

The JBE will determine whether Bidder is eligible to receive the DVBE incentive based on information provided in the Bidder Declaration. The JBE may, but is not obligated to, verify or seek clarification of any information set forth in the Bidder Declaration. If Bidder submits incomplete or inaccurate information, it will not receive the DVBE incentive.

### **Instructions for Section I**

*Skip this section if Bidder is not itself a DVBE.*

1. Provide Bidder’s DGS Supplier ID number. This number is in Bidder’s DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
2. Provide the applicable dates. These dates are listed in Bidder’s DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
3. If Bidder will subcontract any portion of the contract work, answer “yes” and complete subparts A-C. If Bidder will not subcontract any portion of the contract work, answer “no” and skip subparts A-C.  
**Subpart A:** This percentage is equal to the amount to be paid by Bidder to all subcontractors divided by Bidder’s total bid price, multiplied by 100. Enter a percentage; do not enter a dollar amount. For example, if the amount to be paid by Bidder to subcontractors is \$35,000 and Bidder’s total bid price is \$125,000, enter “28%” ( $35,000 \div 125,000 = 0.28$ ;  $0.28 \times 100 = 28$ ).  
**Subpart B:** Provide a detailed description of the goods and/or services the Bidder itself will provide for the contract. In other words, provide a detailed description of the goods and/or services that will not be subcontracted. Attach additional sheets if necessary.  
**Subpart C:** Provide an explanation of how the Bidder’s goods and/or services constitute a “commercially useful function” for purposes of the contract. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
4. The DVBE Declaration is separate from the Bidder Declaration. Bidder must submit along with the Bidder Declaration a DVBE Declaration completed and signed by the disabled veteran owners and managers of Bidder.
5. Each entity certified as a DVBE by DGS will have received a DVBE certification approval letter. Bidder must submit a copy of its DVBE certification approval letter.

## Instructions for Section II

*Skip this section if (i) Bidder does not have an approved Business Utilization Plan (BUP) on file with DGS, or (ii) this solicitation is for non-IT services.*

1. Provide the date on which DGS approved Bidder's BUP.
2. Provide the date through which the BUP is valid.
3. Bidder must provide a copy of its "Notice of Approved DVBE Business Utilization Plan" issued by DGS. This copy must be provided along with the Bidder Declaration.

## Instructions for Section III

A DVBE Subcontractor is any certified DVBE (whether a person, firm, corporation, or organization) contracting to perform part of Bidder's contract.

Enter the total number of DVBE Subcontractors that Bidder will use for the contract. If the number is zero, skip to Section IV. Otherwise, provide complete information (items 1-13 of Section III) for each DVBE Subcontractor.

1. Provide the full legal name of the DVBE Subcontractor.
2. Provide the name of a contact person at the DVBE Subcontractor. The contact person must be able to verify the information provided in the Bidder Declaration regarding that DVBE Subcontractor.
3. Provide the full address of the DVBE Subcontractor.
4. Provide the DVBE Subcontractor's phone number, including area code.
5. Provide the DVBE Subcontractor's email address. If the DVBE Subcontractor does not have an email address, insert "N/A."
6. Provide the DVBE Subcontractor's DGS Supplier ID number. This number is in the DVBE Subcontractor's DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
7. Provide the applicable dates. These dates are in the DVBE Subcontractor's DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).
8. Each entity certified as a DVBE by DGS will have received a DVBE certification approval letter. Bidder must submit a copy of the DVBE Subcontractor's DVBE certification approval letter.
9. Provide a detailed description of the goods and/or services the DVBE Subcontractor will provide for the contract. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
10. Provide an explanation of how the DVBE Subcontractor's goods and/or services constitute a "commercially useful function" for purposes of the contract. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
11. This percentage is equal to the amount to be paid by Bidder to the DVBE Subcontractor divided by Bidder's total bid price, multiplied by 100. Enter a percentage; do not enter a dollar amount. For example, if the amount to be paid by Bidder to the DVBE Subcontractor is \$6,600 and Bidder's total bid price is \$75,000, enter "8.8%" ( $6600 \div 75000 = 0.088$ ;  $0.088 \times 100 = 8.8$ ).
12. Bidder must submit a written confirmation from the DVBE Subcontractor indicating that, if Bidder is awarded the contract, the DVBE Subcontractor will provide the required goods and/or services.
13. The DVBE Declaration is a separate form from the Bidder Declaration. Bidder must submit along with the Bidder Declaration a DVBE Declaration completed and signed by the disabled veteran owners and managers of the DVBE Subcontractor.

## Instructions for Section IV

Provide Bidder's full legal name, tax ID number, address, and telephone number in the appropriate boxes. The certification must be signed by an authorized Bidder representative in the box labeled "By (Authorized Signature)." Provide the name and title of the authorized Bidder representative, and the date, county and state where that person signed the certification, in the appropriate boxes.



**ATTACHMENT 7  
DVBE DECLARATION**

**SECTION 1. MUST BE COMPLETED BY ALL DVBEs**

Disabled Veteran Business Enterprise (DVBE) name: \_\_\_\_\_  
DGS Supplier ID number: \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION 2. MUST BE COMPLETED BY ALL DVBEs**

Check only one box in section 2 and provide original signatures of all disabled veteran (DV) owners and managers of the DVBE.

- ☐ I (we) declare that the DVBE is not a broker or agent, as defined in Military and Veterans Code (MVC) section 999.2(b), of the goods and/or services provided by the DVBE in connection with the solicitation identified above.
- ☐ Pursuant to MVC 999.2(f), I (we) declare that the DVBE is a broker or agent for the following principal. (*attach additional sheets if more than one principal*)  
Principal Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Principal Phone: \_\_\_\_\_  
Principal Address: \_\_\_\_\_

**Disabled veteran owners and managers of the DVBE:** (*attach additional sheets if necessary*)

<i>Printed Name of DV owner/manager</i>	<i>Date signed</i>
<i>Signature of DV owner/manager</i>	

<i>Printed Name of DV owner/manager</i>	<i>Date signed</i>
<i>Signature of DV owner/manager</i>	

<i>Printed Name of DV owner/manager</i>	<i>Date signed</i>
<i>Signature of DV owner/manager</i>	

**SECTION 3. MUST BE COMPLETED BY DVBEs THAT PROVIDE RENTAL EQUIPMENT AND ARE NOT BROKERS/AGENTS**

*Skip this section if (i) the DVBE is not providing rental equipment or (ii) the DVBE indicated in section 2 that it is a broker or agent.*

Check applicable boxes below 3 and provide original signatures of all DV owners and managers of the DVBE.

- ☐ Pursuant to MVC 999.2 (c), (d) and (g), I am (we are) the DV(s) with at least 51% ownership of the DVBE, or DV manager(s) of the DVBE. The DVBE maintains certification requirements in accordance with MVC 999 et seq.
- ☐ The undersigned owner(s) own(s) at least 51% of the quantity and value of each piece of equipment that will be rented in connection with this solicitation. I (we), the DV owner(s) of the equipment, have submitted to DGS my (our) personal federal tax return(s) at time of certification and annually thereafter as defined in MVC 999.2 (c) and (g).

**Disabled veteran owners of the DVBE:** *(attach additional sheets if necessary)*

<i>Printed Name of DV owner</i>	<i>Tax ID Number of DV owner</i>
<i>Address of DV owner</i>	<i>DV owner Telephone Number</i>
<i>Signature of DV owner</i>	<i>Date signed</i>

<i>Printed Name of DV owner</i>	<i>Tax ID Number of DV owner</i>
<i>Address of DV owner</i>	<i>Telephone # of DV owner</i>
<i>Signature of DV owner</i>	<i>Date signed</i>

**Disabled veteran managers of the DVBE:** *(attach additional sheets if necessary)*

<i>Printed Name of DV manager</i>	<i>Date signed</i>
<i>Signature of DV manager</i>	

<i>Printed Name of DV manager</i>	<i>Date signed</i>
<i>Signature of DV manager</i>	

## **DVBE DECLARATION INSTRUCTIONS**

### **General Instructions**

In this form, (i) “DGS” refers to the Department of General Services; (ii) “Bidder” refers to a person or entity that submits a response to a competitive solicitation issued by the JBE, including both IFBs and RFPs; and (iii) “bid” refers to a response to a competitive solicitation issued by the JBE, including both IFBs and RFPs.

If Bidder wishes to claim the DVBE incentive in a solicitation where a DVBE incentive is offered, it must submit a DVBE Declaration completed by each DVBE that will provide goods and/or services in connection with its bid. If Bidder is itself a DVBE, it must complete the DVBE Declaration itself. If Bidder will use one or more DVBE subcontractors, each DVBE subcontractor must complete a DVBE Declaration.

If no DVBE incentive is offered, or Bidder does not wish to claim the DVBE incentive, Bidder should not submit a DVBE Declaration. In addition, if Bidder wishes to claim the DVBE incentive using a DVBE Business Utilization Plan (BUP) on file with DGS, Bidder should not submit a DVBE Declaration. Note that a BUP cannot be used to qualify for the DVBE incentive in a non-IT services solicitation.

The JBE will determine whether Bidder is eligible to receive the DVBE incentive based on information provided in the DVBE Declaration. The JBE may, but is not obligated to, verify or seek clarification of any information set forth in the DVBE Declaration. If Bidder submits incomplete or inaccurate information, it will not receive the DVBE incentive.

### **Instructions for Section 1**

Provide the full legal name of the DVBE, and its DGS Supplier ID number. This number is in the DVBE’s DGS Supplier Profile, accessible at [www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB](http://www.bidsync.com/DPXBisCASB).

### **Instructions for Section 2**

Check only one box. If the DVBE is not a broker or agent, check the first box. If the DVBE is a broker or agent, check the second box and provide the name, address, and phone number of the principal for which the DVBE is an agent or broker. Military and Veterans Code section 999.2(b) defines “broker” or “agent” as an individual or entity that does not have title, possession, control, and risk of loss of materials, supplies, services, or equipment provided to [a JBE], unless one or more of the disabled veteran owners has at least 51-percent ownership of the quantity and value of the materials, supplies, services, and of each piece of equipment provided under the contract.

All disabled veteran owners and managers of the DVBE must sign and date section 2. If there are insufficient signature blocks for all disabled veteran owners and managers to sign, attach additional sheets.

### **Instructions for Section 3**

*The DVBE must complete section 3 only if both of the following are true (i) the DVBE will provide rental equipment in connection with the contract, and (ii) the DVBE checked the first box in section 2, indicating that it is not a broker or agent.*

*If (i) the DVBE will not provide rental equipment in connection with the contract, or (ii) the DVBE checked the second box in section 2, indicating that it is a broker or agent, the DVBE should not check a box in section 3 or provide the signatures in section 3.*

Check each box in section 3 if the corresponding statement is true.

All disabled veteran owners of the DVBE must sign and date section 3, in the signature blocks designated for disabled veteran owners. Each disabled veteran owner of the DVBE must also provide his or her tax ID number,

address, and telephone number in the signature block. If there are insufficient signature blocks for all disabled veteran owners, attach additional sheets.

All disabled veteran managers of the DVBE must sign and date section 3, in the signature blocks designated for disabled veteran managers. If there are insufficient signature blocks for all disabled veteran managers, attach additional sheets.